

The BTS Statistical Sample

(Or, how to do everything,
without doing everything)

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+ Christoffer Fremling,

Jesper Sollerman,

Adam Miller,

Aishwarya Dahiwale,

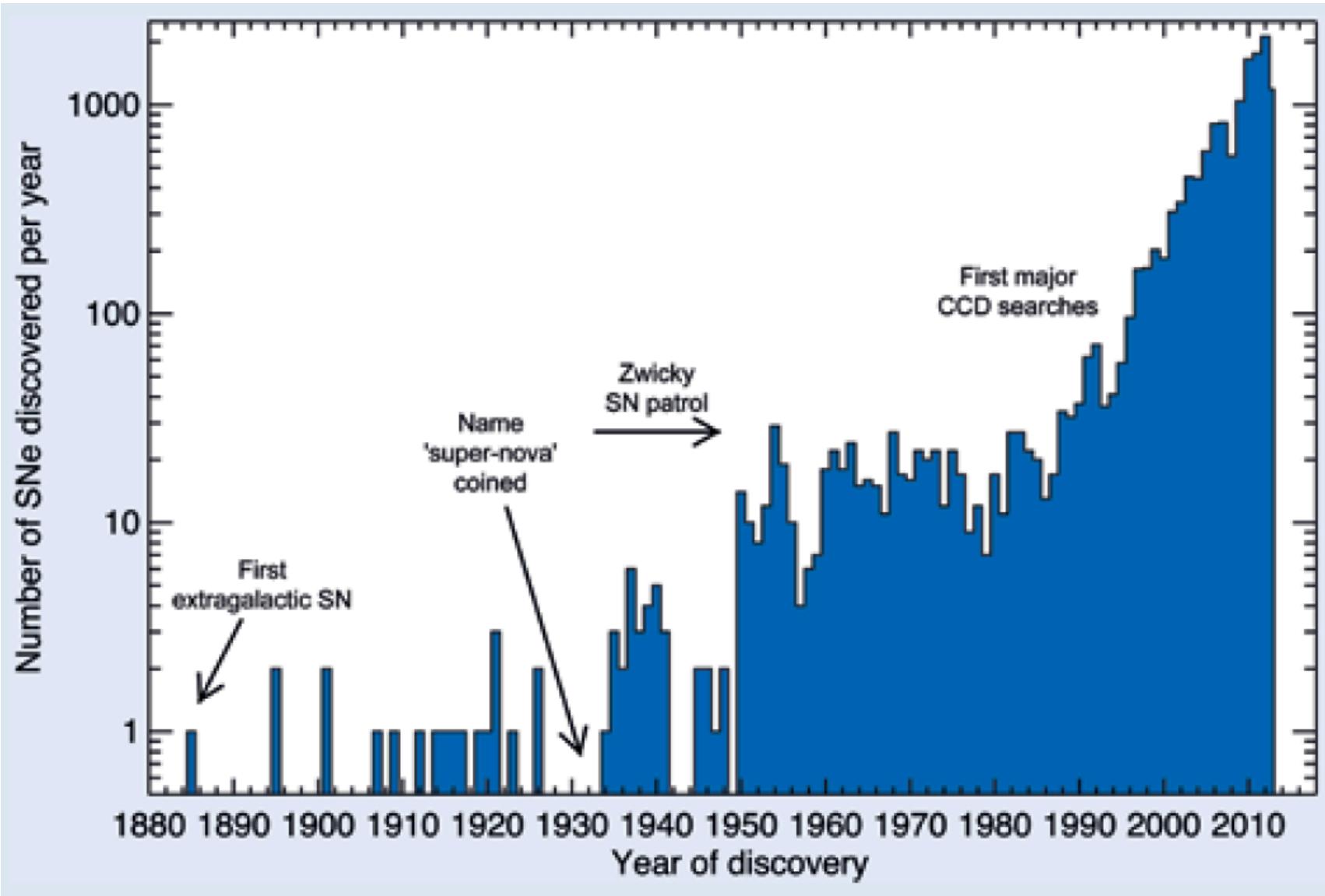
Yashvi Sharma,

Shri Kulkarni

... and many other of the usual suspects...

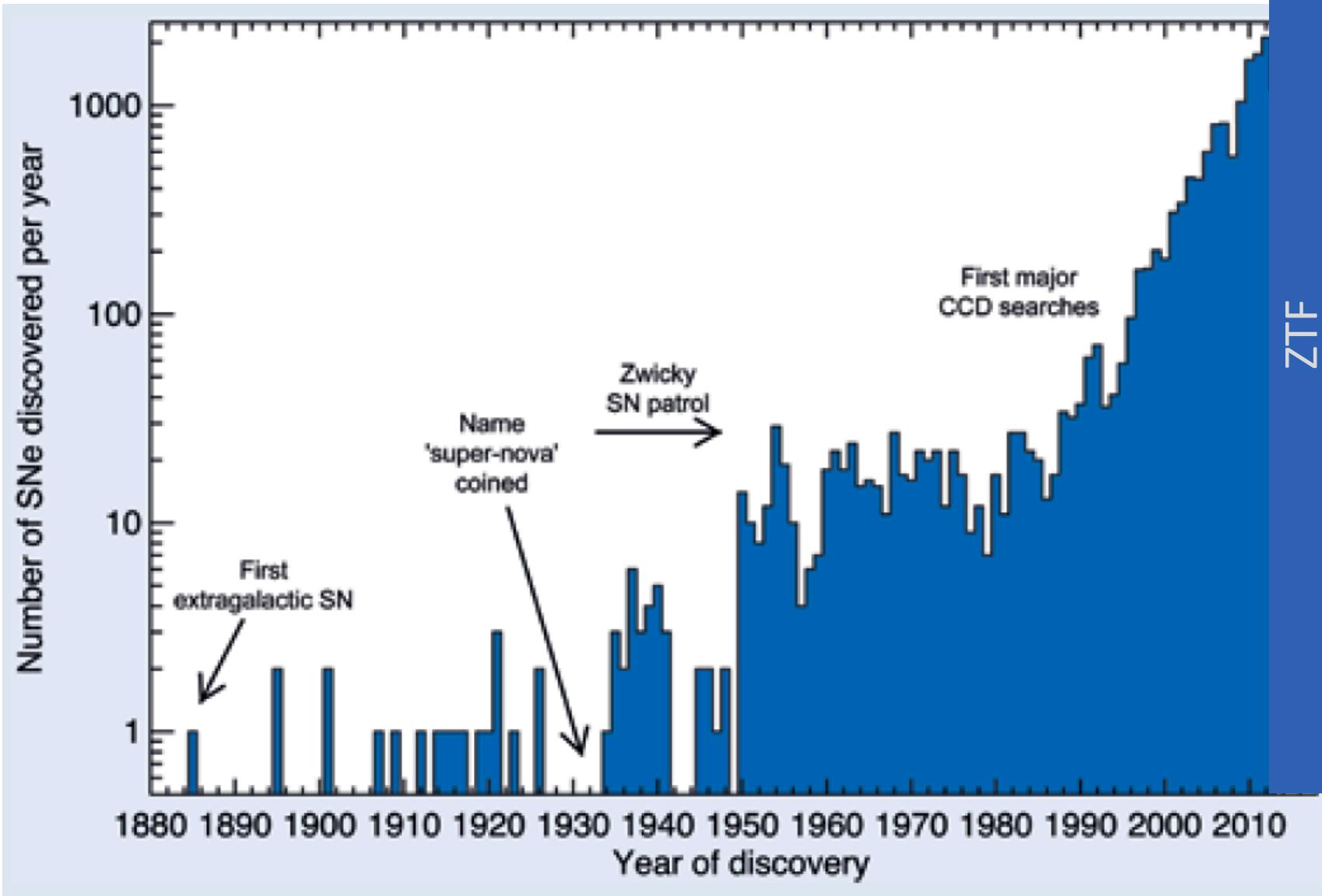
Supernova Discoveries By Year

Sullivan 2013



Supernova Discoveries By Year

Sullivan 2013



Oh No, Too Many Supernovae

Options for doing science when $n_{\text{classifications}} \ll n_{\text{SNe}}$:

- Focus on "interesting" ones
 - Hugely successful when exploring new parameter space or looking for something very specific
 - Not so great for statistics, rates, hosts
(the selection function is convolved with your brain)
- Do everything within some limited unbiased regime
 - CLU (nearby galaxies), BTS (magnitude limited)

The BTS: a mag-limited transient survey

- **Catalog** "all" ZTF extragalactic transients to $m < 19.0$
- **Classify** "all" ZTF extragalactic transients to $m < 18.5$

SEDM limit →

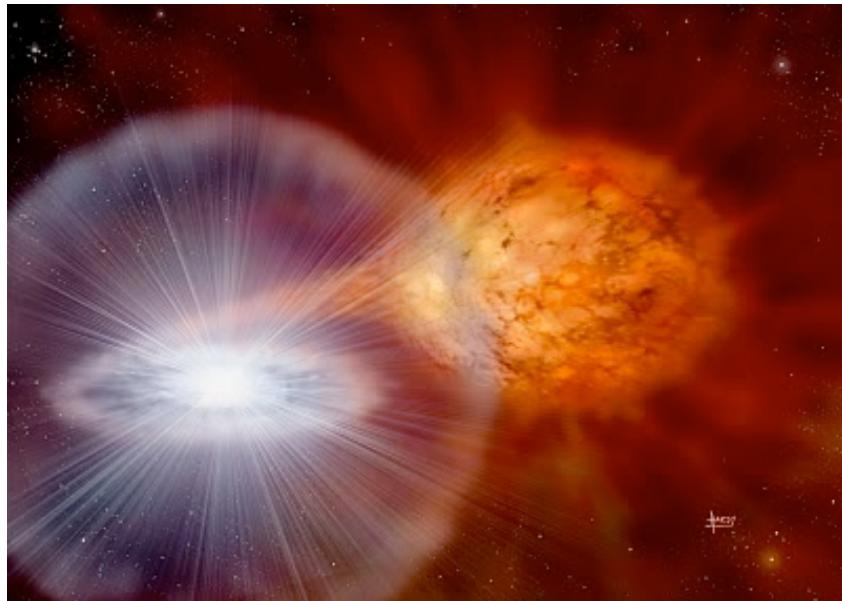
(Sounds simple. But is it really?)

Mag limit	SNe/year
17	155
17.5	300
18	585
18.5	1130
19	2220
19.5	4370
20	8500
20.5	16500

Other Things That Go Bump in the Night

Galactic vermin

(Cataclysmic variables)



5+ per night, many
flaring for the first time

Extragalactic vermin

(AGNs)



1000s all-sky

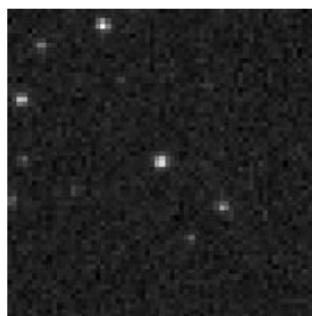
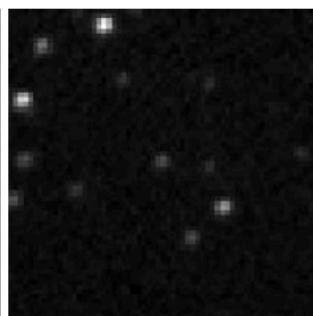
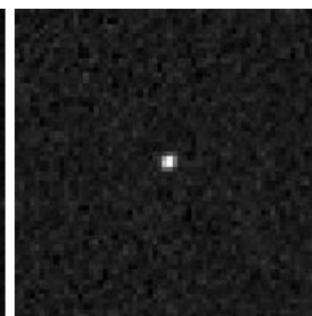
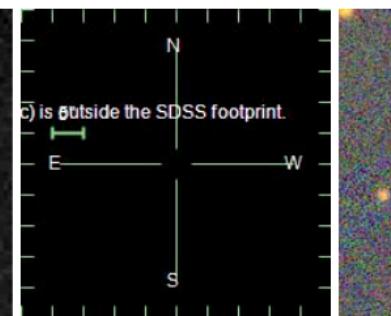
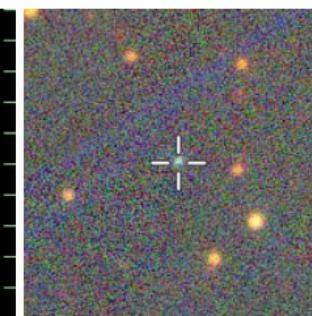
CVs: Not a good use of SEDM



ZTF18abdbgza

22:21:05.11 +65:40:33.3
335.271280 +65.675919

[View another](#)

[OVERVIEW](#)[PHOTOMETRY](#)[SPECTROSCOPY](#)[OBSERVABILITY](#)[EXAMINE](#)[FINDING CHART](#)**NEW****REF****SUB****SDSS****PS1**

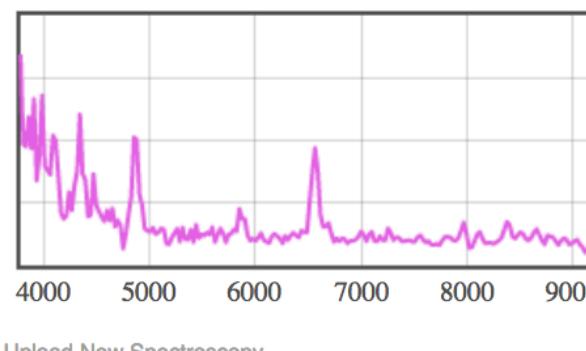
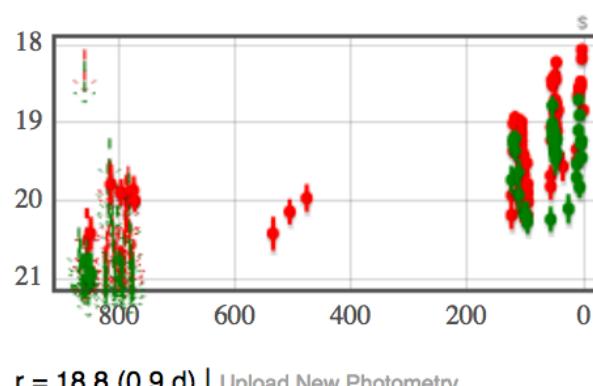
AUTO ANNOTATIONS

- 2020 Oct 19 rsw [AUTO_SNID_rlap]: 7.74
- 2020 Oct 19 rsw [AUTO_SNID_redshift]: -0.0004
- 2020 Oct 19 rsw [AUTO_SNID_match]: LBV
- 2020 Oct 18 James11222 [passed_filter]: Redshift Completeness Factor
- 2020 Aug 20 jjencson [Galactic I & b]: 108.263, 7.18189
- 2019 Jan 25 jjencson [Reference]: 2018-04-09 11:51:59 to 2018-06-13 11:20:41
- 2018 Aug 22 sfrederick [passed_filter]: Nuclear Transients
- 2018 Jun 26 jjencson [passed_filter]: Orphan Afterglows Caltech Auto Annotation Submission Form

COMMENTS

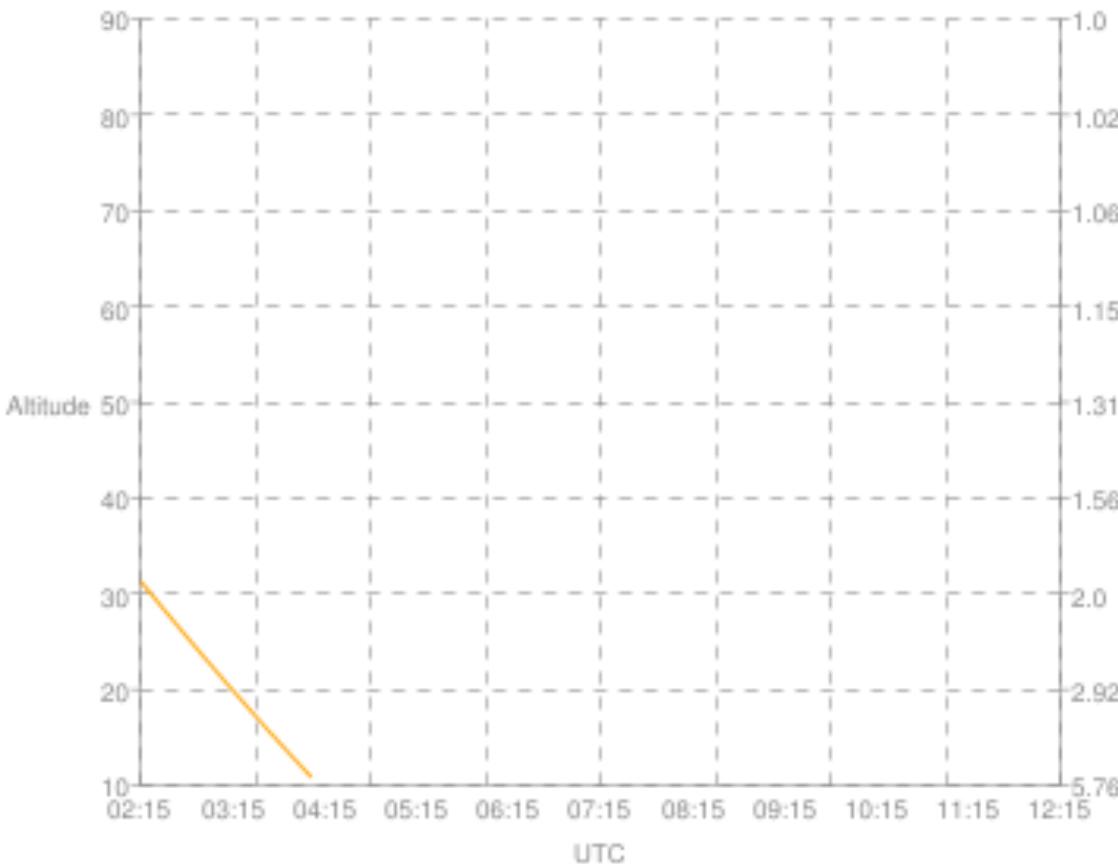
- 2020 Oct 19 jesper [info]: do not trigger things like this for SEDM RCF
- 2020 Oct 19 jesper [redshift]: 0.0
- 2020 Oct 19 rsw [comment]: pysedm_report [view attachment]

Add a Comment:

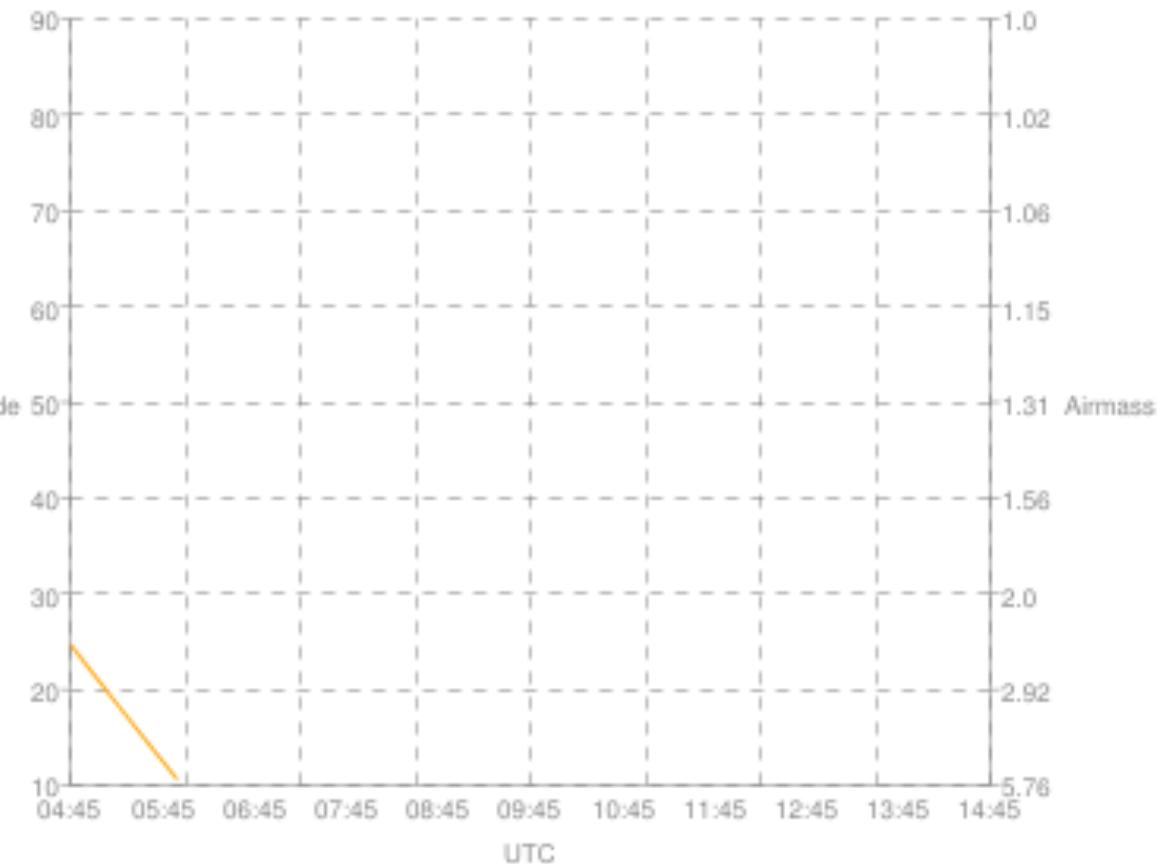


Also: Earth is round and the Sun exists (and clouds happen)

PTFZTF20abzumlr - Palomar (2020 October 21)



PTFZTF20abzumlr - Mauna Kea (2020 October 21)

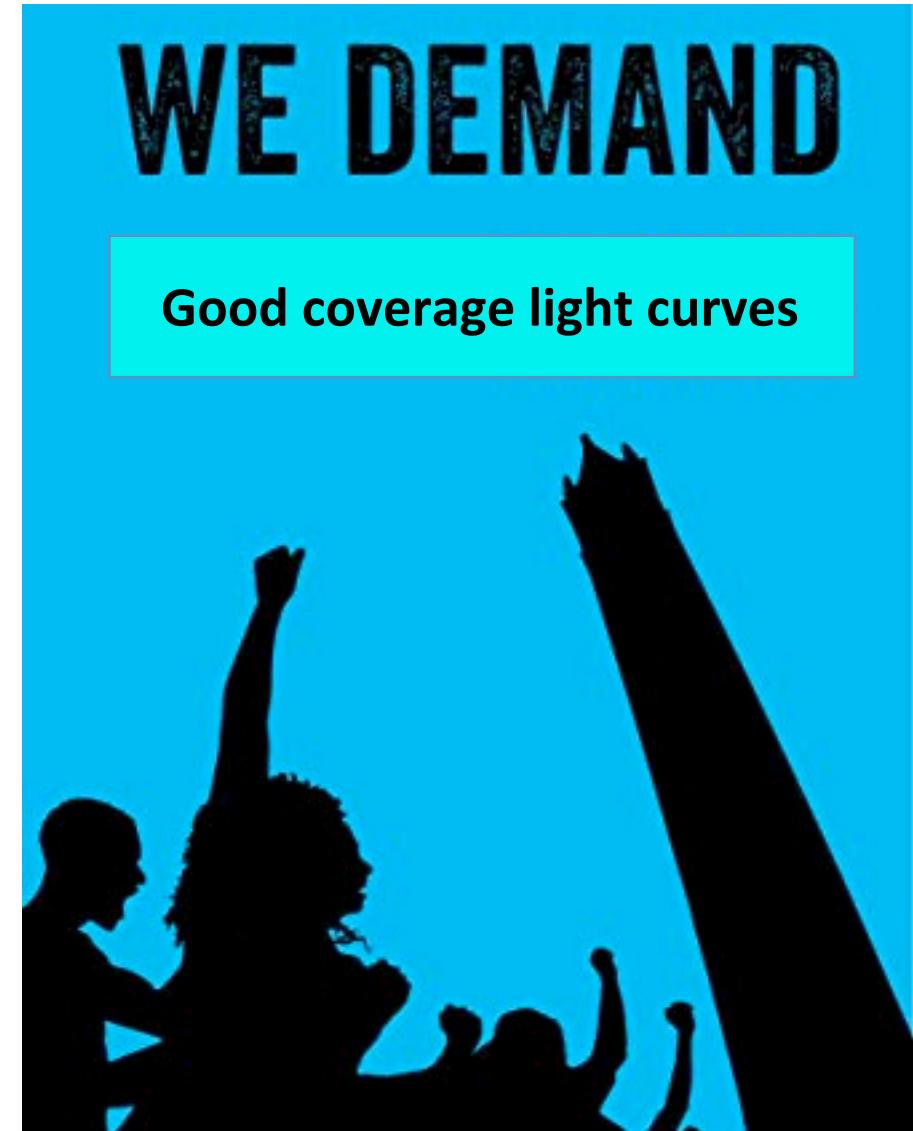


The Challenge

- How do we remove the "vermin" without removing any useful SNe?

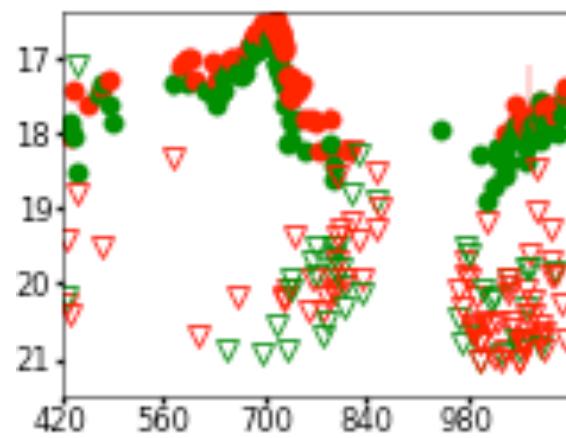
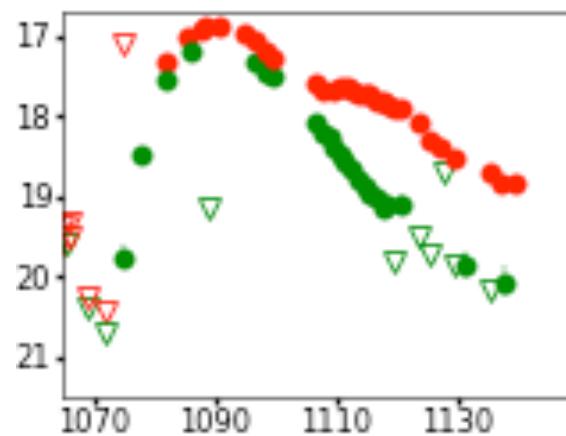
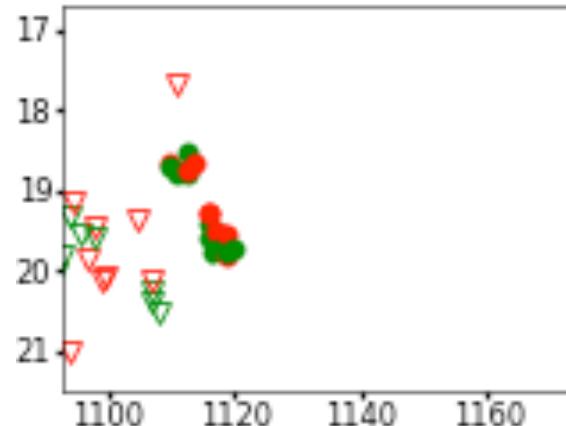
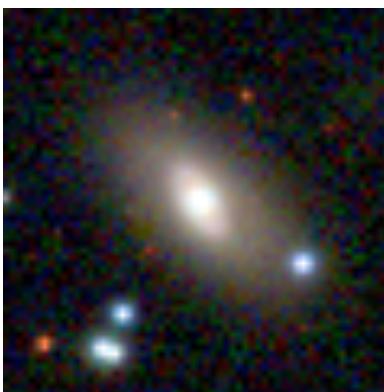
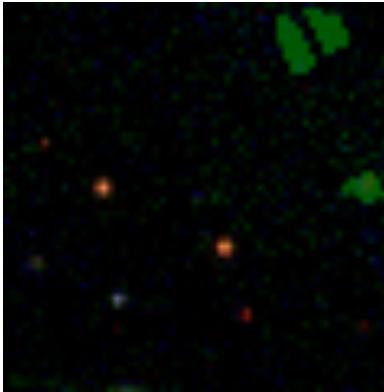
Quality Cut

- Require pre-peak and post-peak coverage of the light curve (1 week before, 1 week after)
 - If we don't have this, we can't constrain the timescale and can't say if it's a CV
- Also require that the field is not setting (and some other things, i.e. not <1 month after reference building)

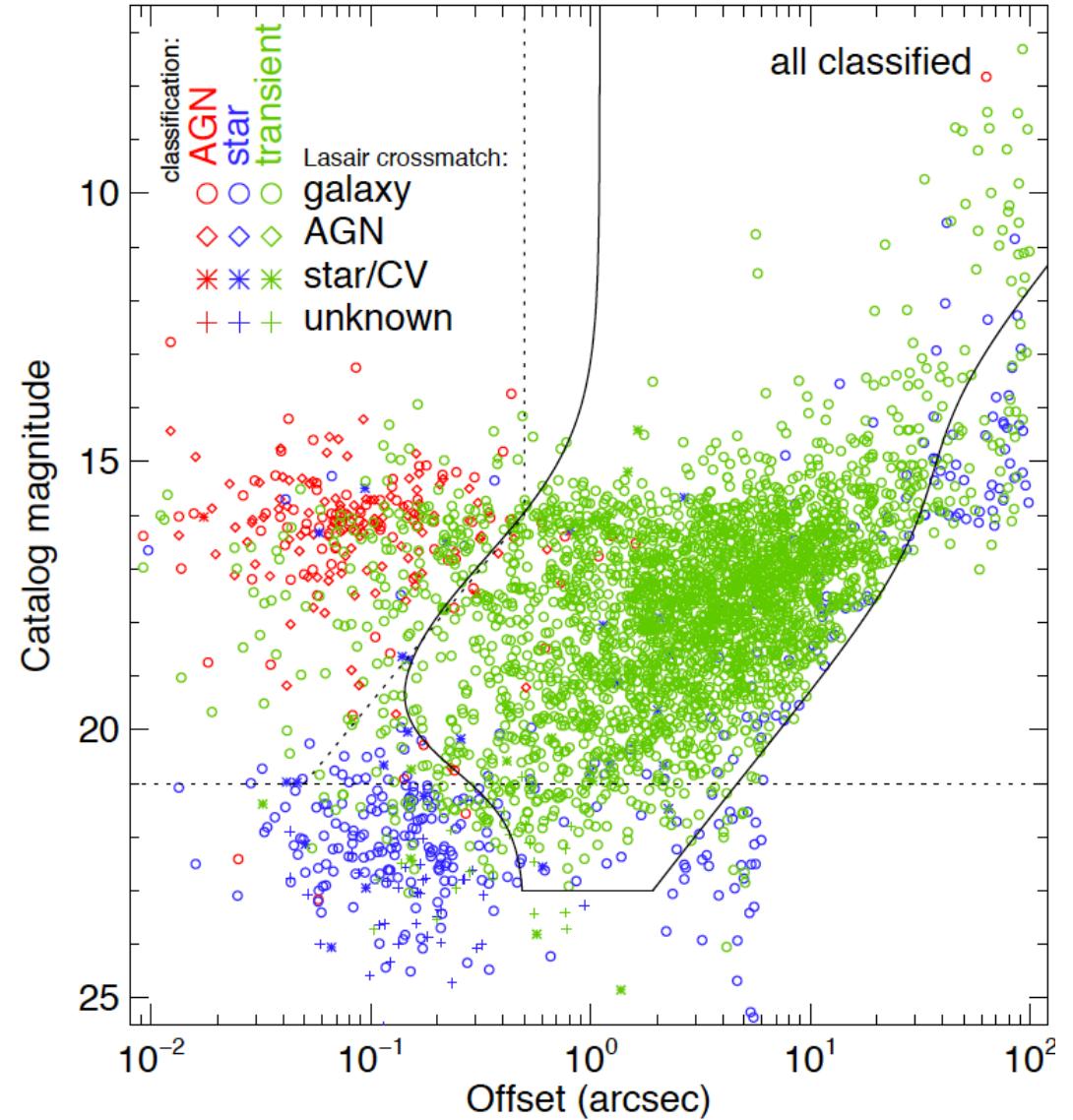
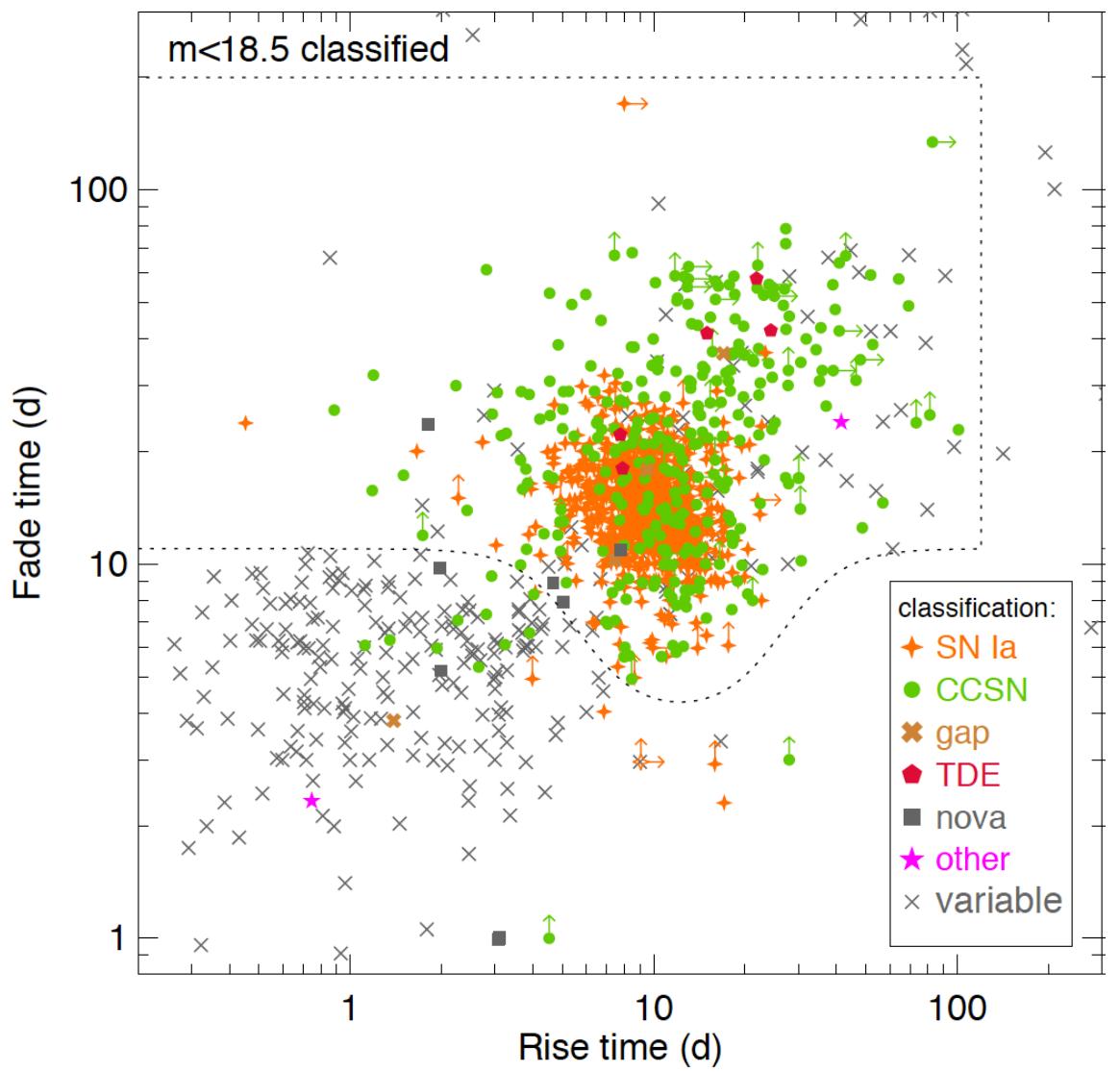


Purity Cut

- This allows us to measure characteristic **rise** and **fade** timescales (CVs: fast, SNe: *usually* slow, AGNs: usually really slow)
- We only exclude sources for this reason if they are **not in galaxies**, or are **exactly** coincident with the nucleus.



Purity Cut



The BTS Statistical Sample

- ZTF difference-image alert stream
 - ↓ **BTS alert filter**
- New, PSF-like, non-stellar transients with $m < 19$
 - ↓ **BTS quality cut**
- Transients with good coverage that aren't setting
 - ↓ **BTS purity cut**
- Transients that act like SNe or are in galaxies
 - ↓ $m_{\text{peak}} < 18.5 \text{ mag}$
- **BTS high-value statistical sample**

Classified SN Count (as of Friday)

$m < 19$ (incomplete)

3609 supernovae

2581 Ia

incl. 8 Iax, 5 Ia-CSM

207 Ib/c

incl. 12 Ibn, 31 Ic-BL, 32 SLSN-I

747 II

incl. 46 IIb, 95 IIn, 22 SLSN-II

+ 16 TDEs, + 13 novae

+ 13 "other" (ILRTs, FBOTs, LBVs)

$m < 18.5$ passing cuts

1336 supernovae

995 Ia

incl. 6 Iax

84 Ib/c

incl. 10 Ibn, 22 Ic-BL, 16 SLSN-I

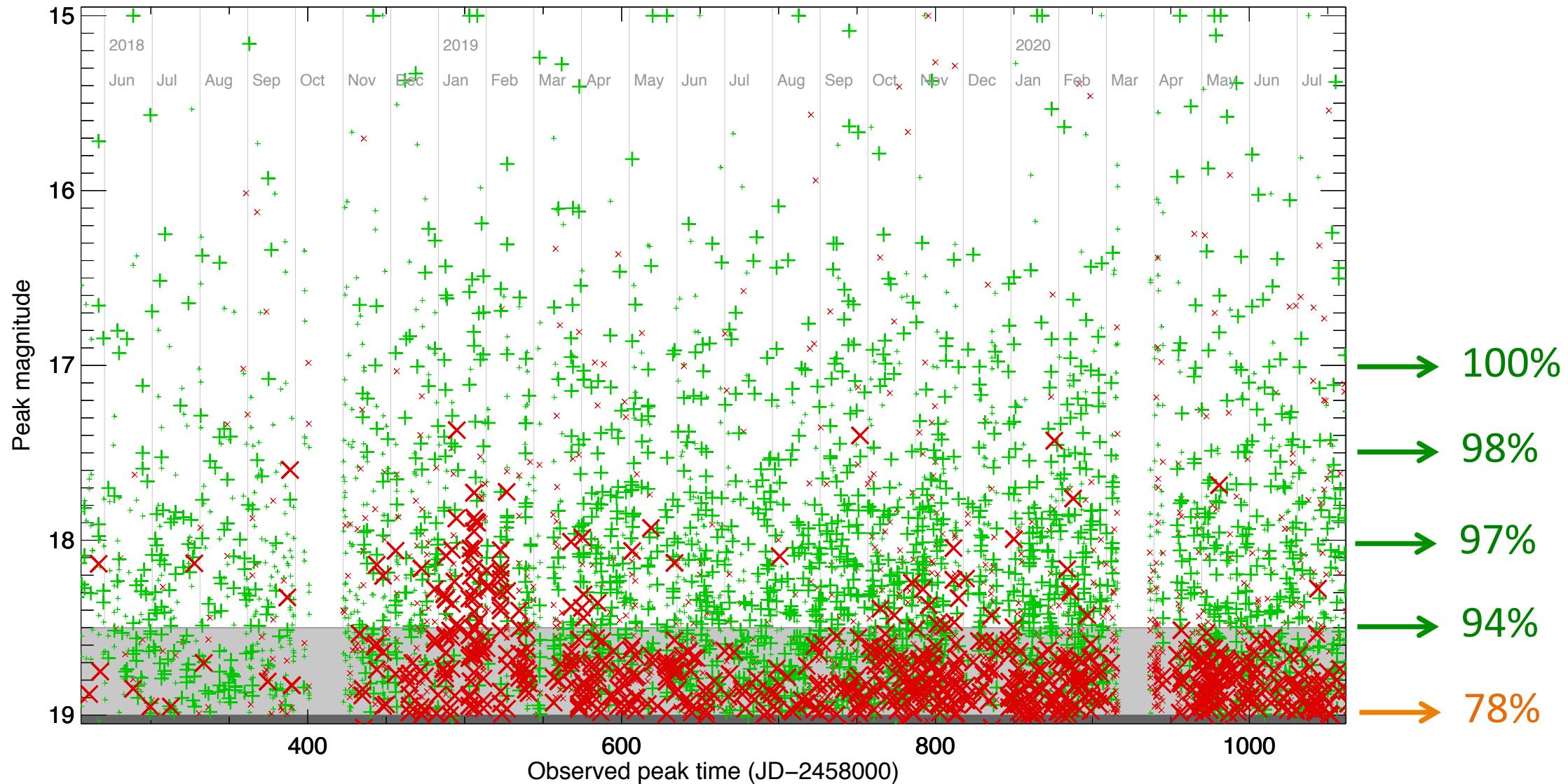
246 II

incl. 28 IIb, 53 IIn, 15 SLSN-II

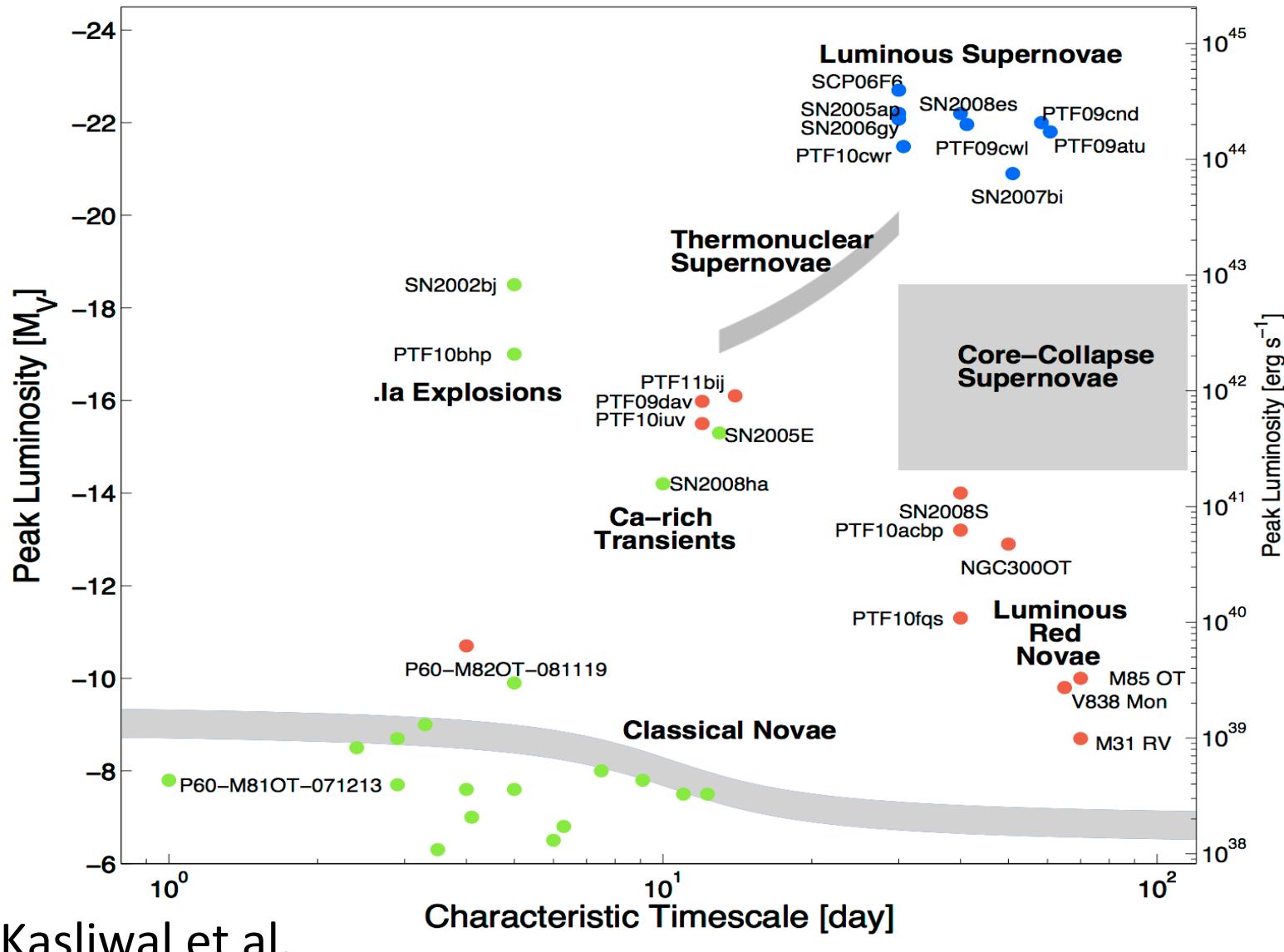
+ 6 TDEs, + 9 novae

+ 6 "other"

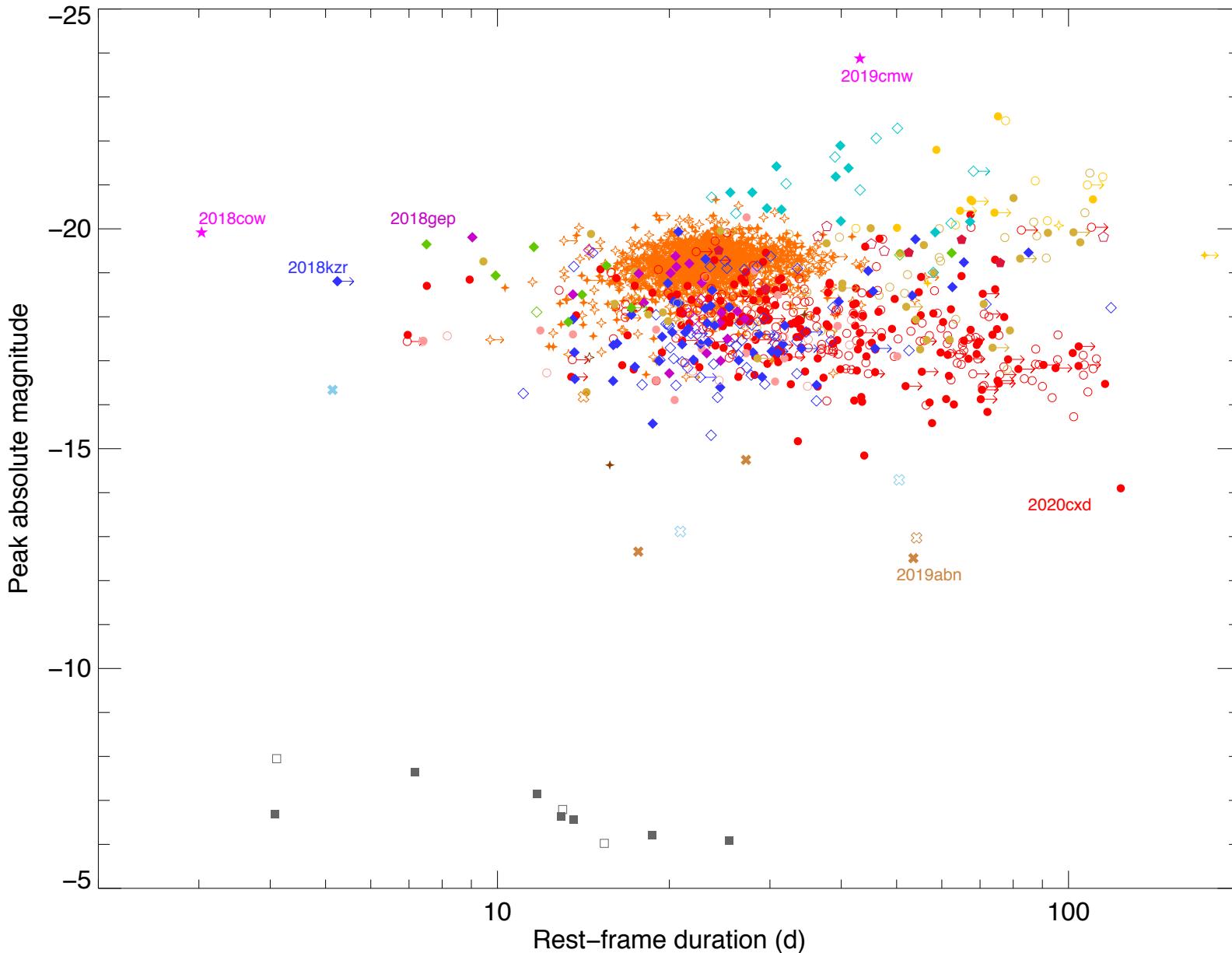
SN Classification Completeness



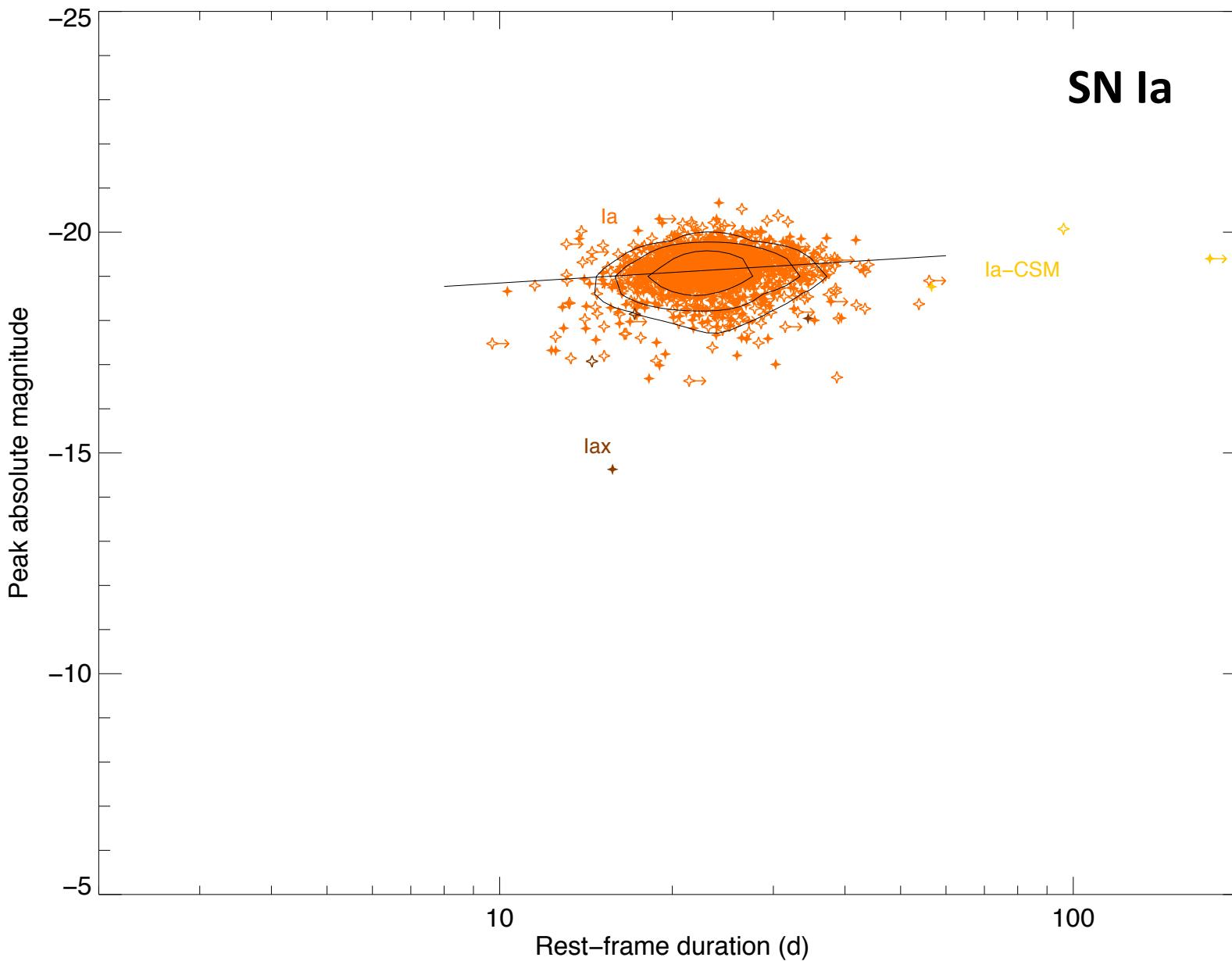
Transient Parameter Space



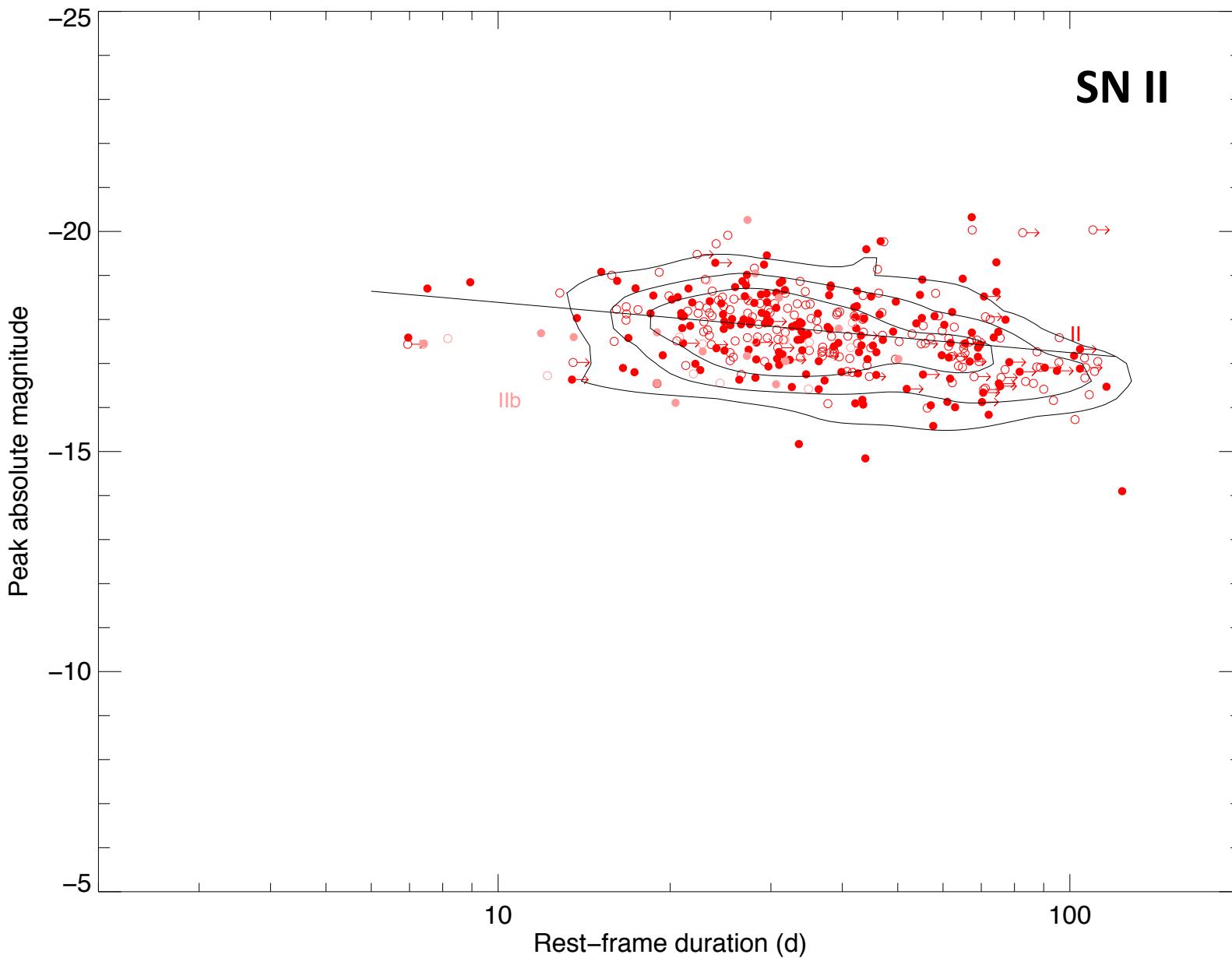
Transient Parameter Space



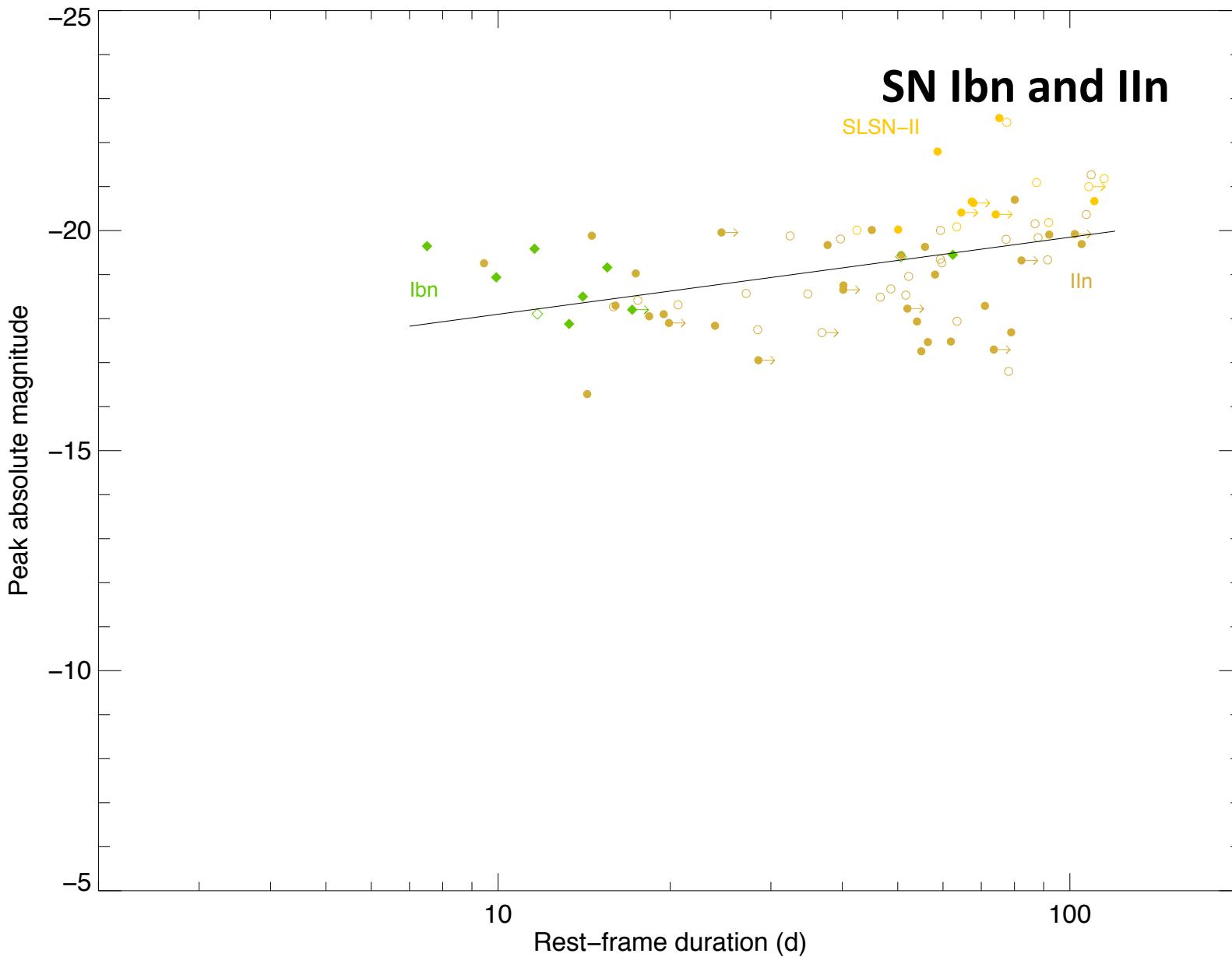
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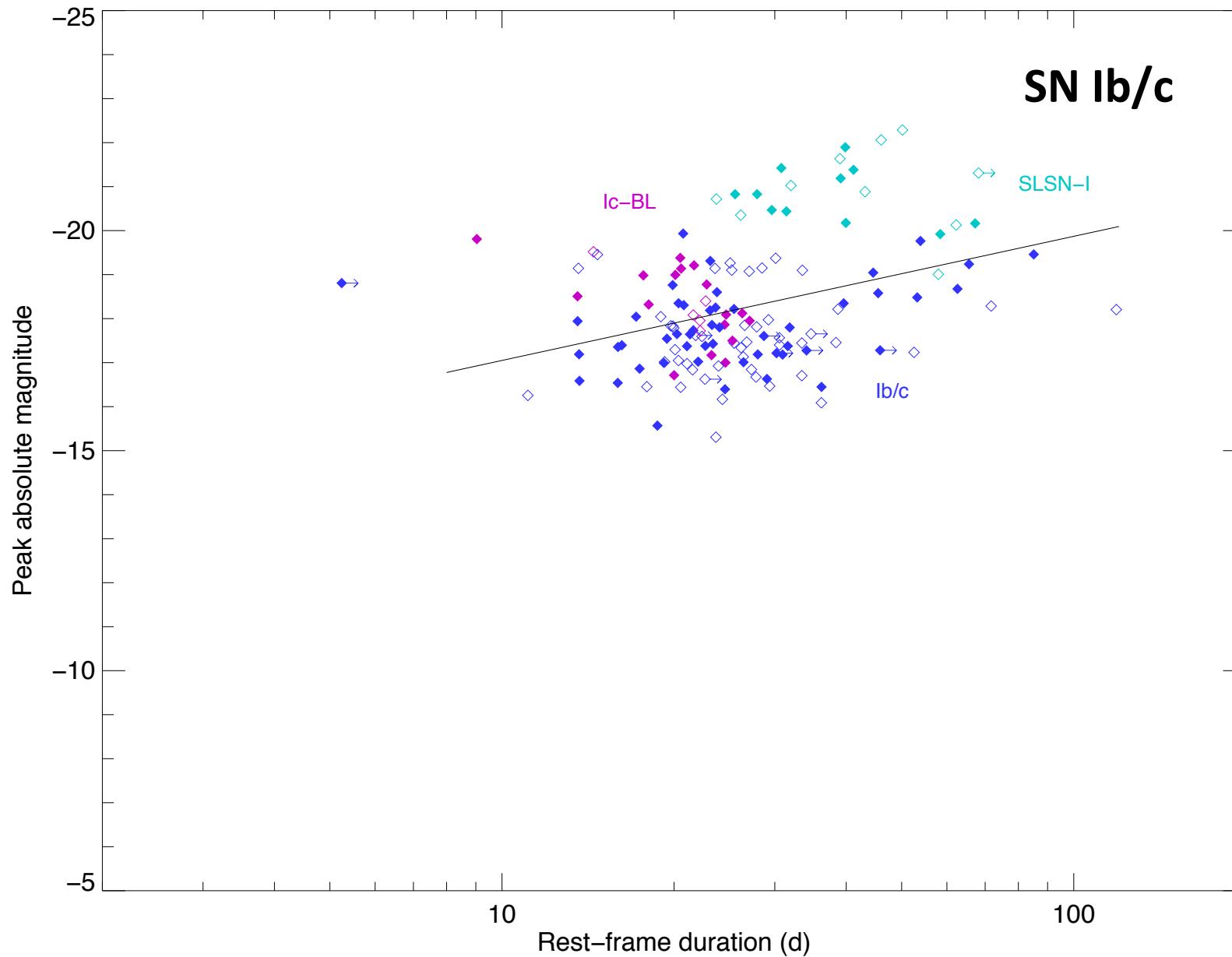
Transient Parameter Space



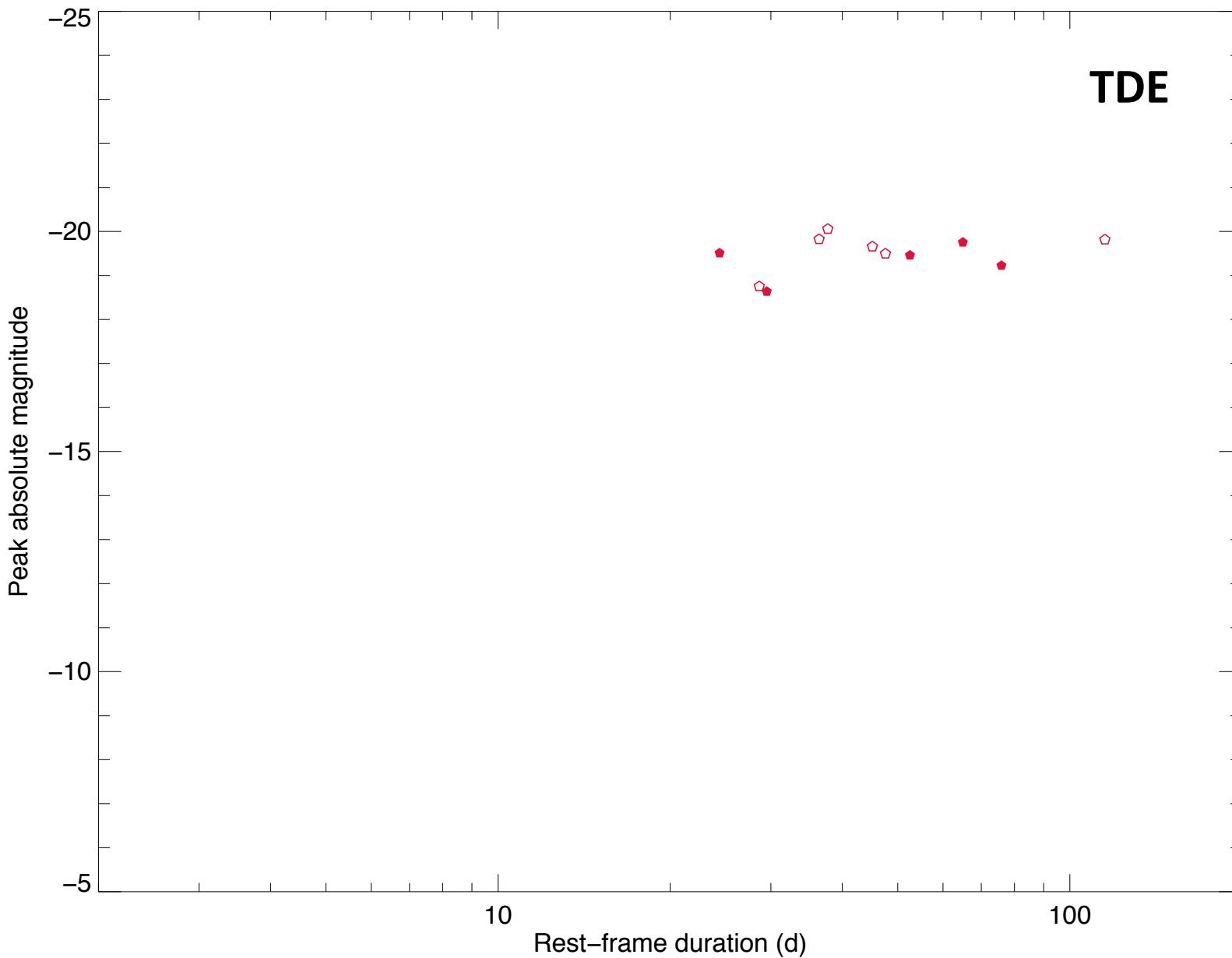
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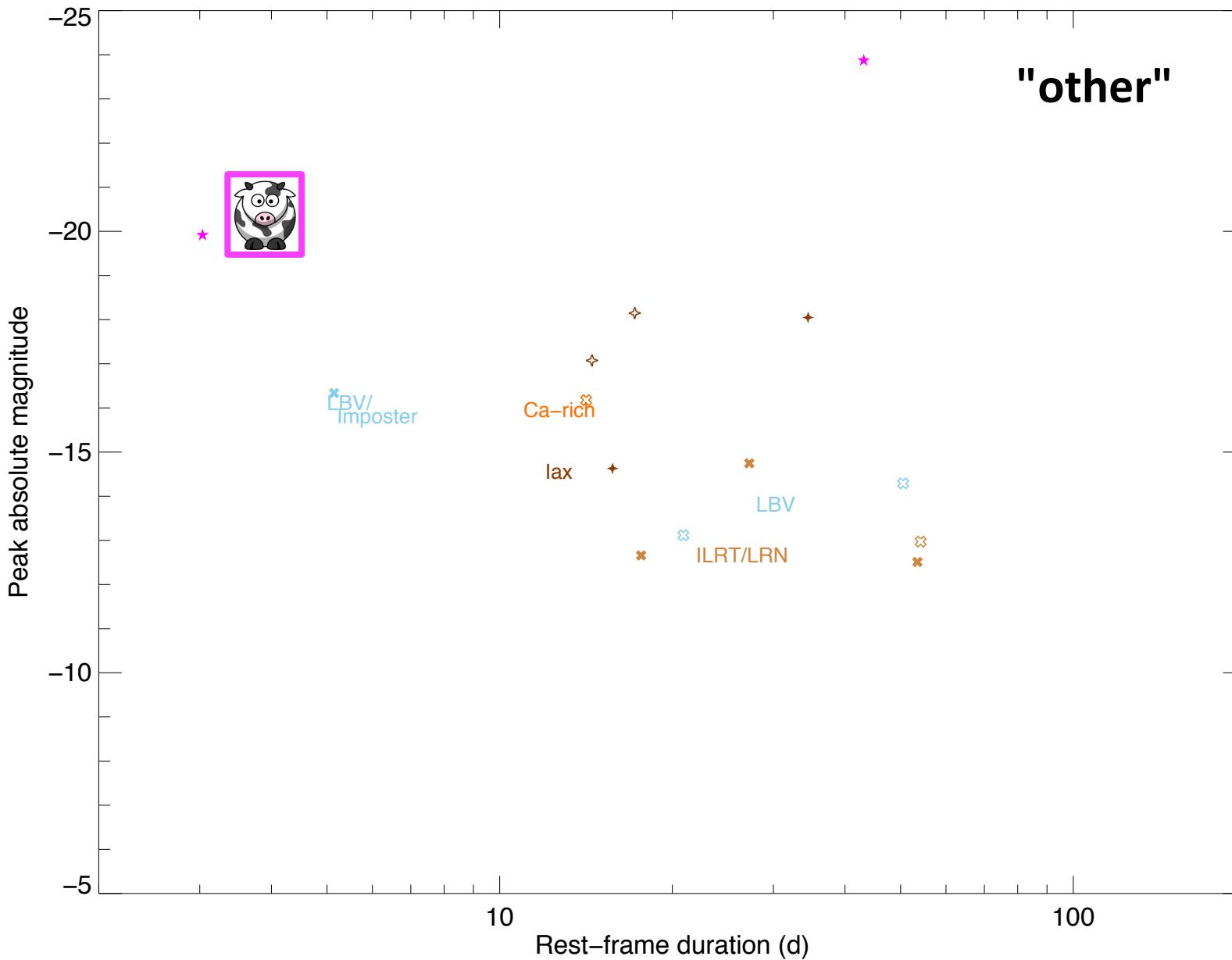
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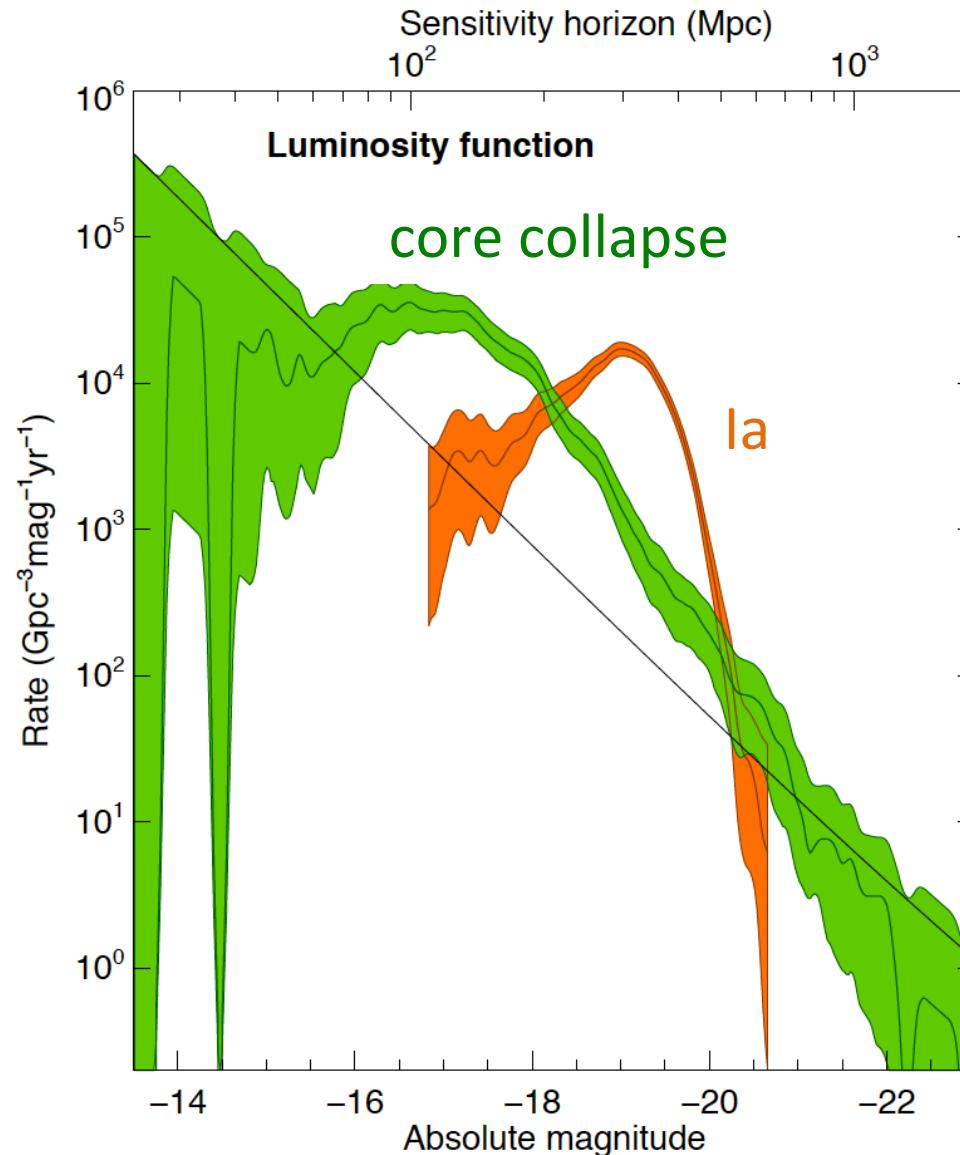
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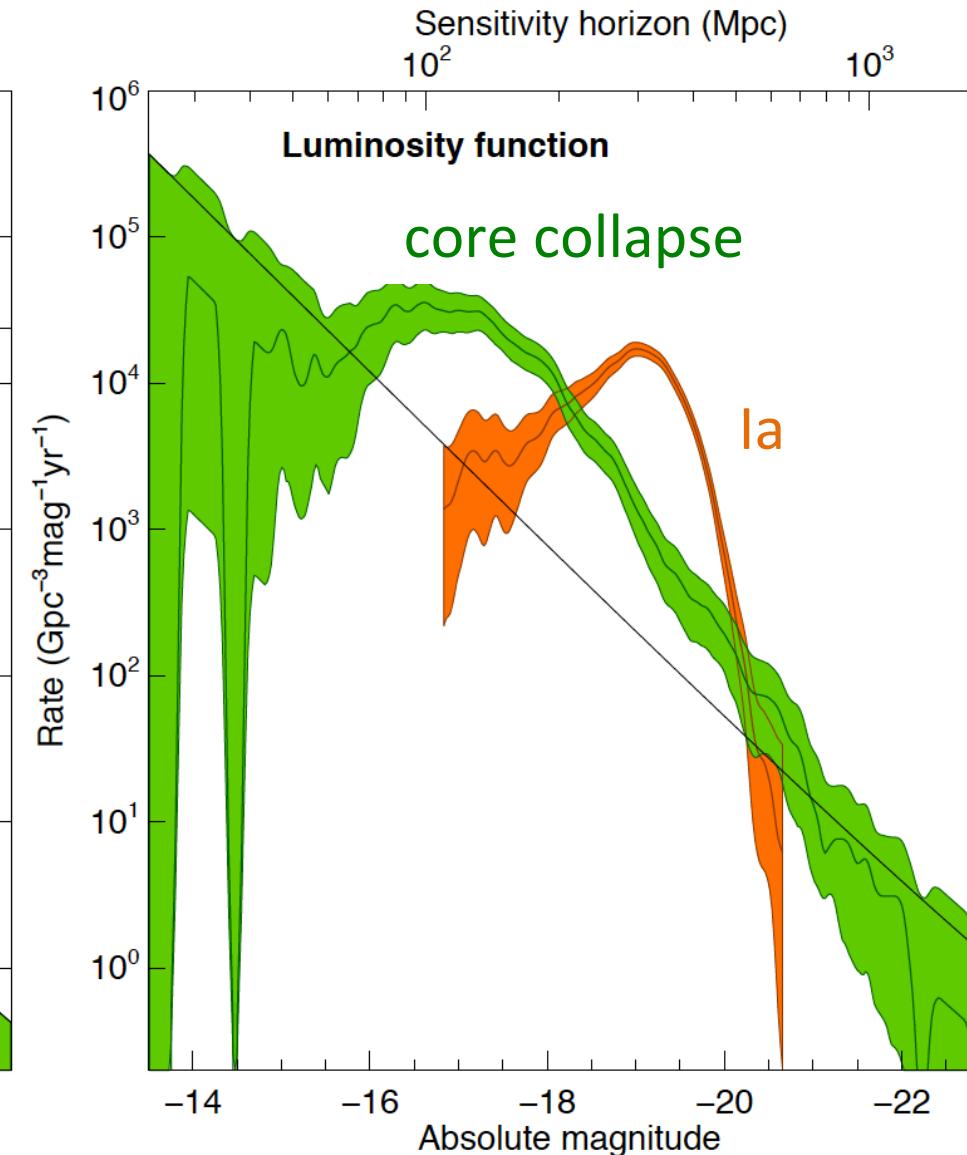
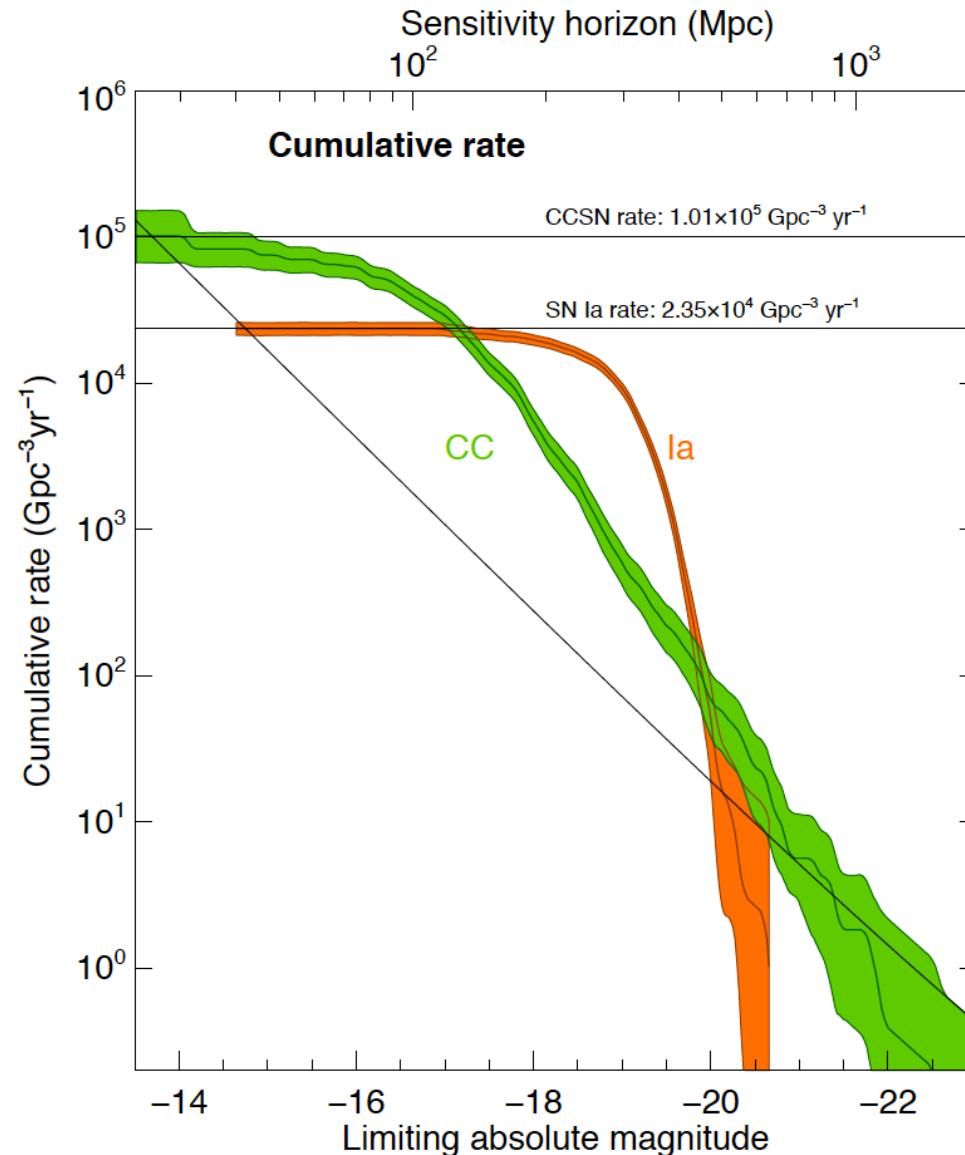
Transient Parameter Space



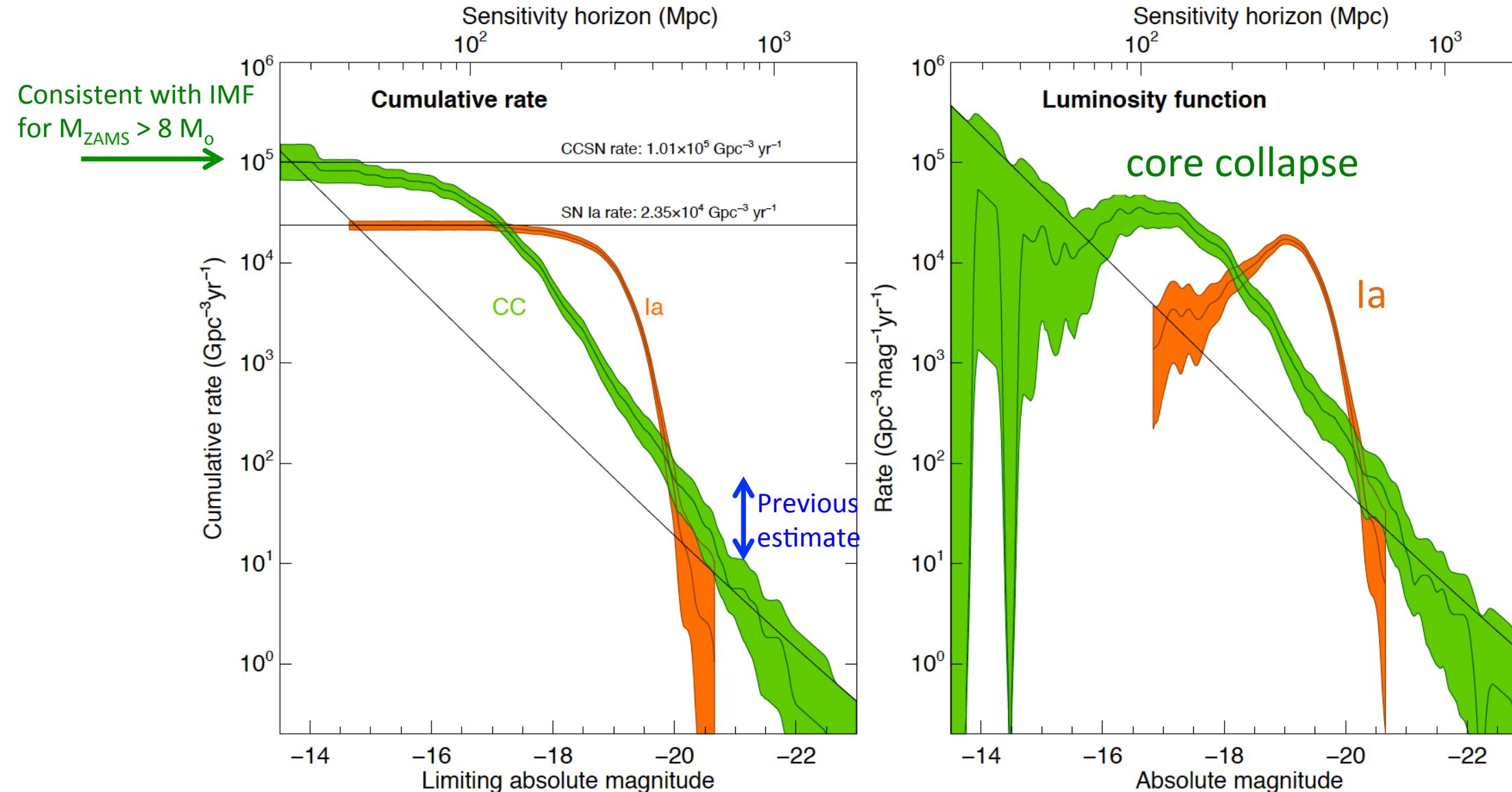
Supernova Rates and Luminosities



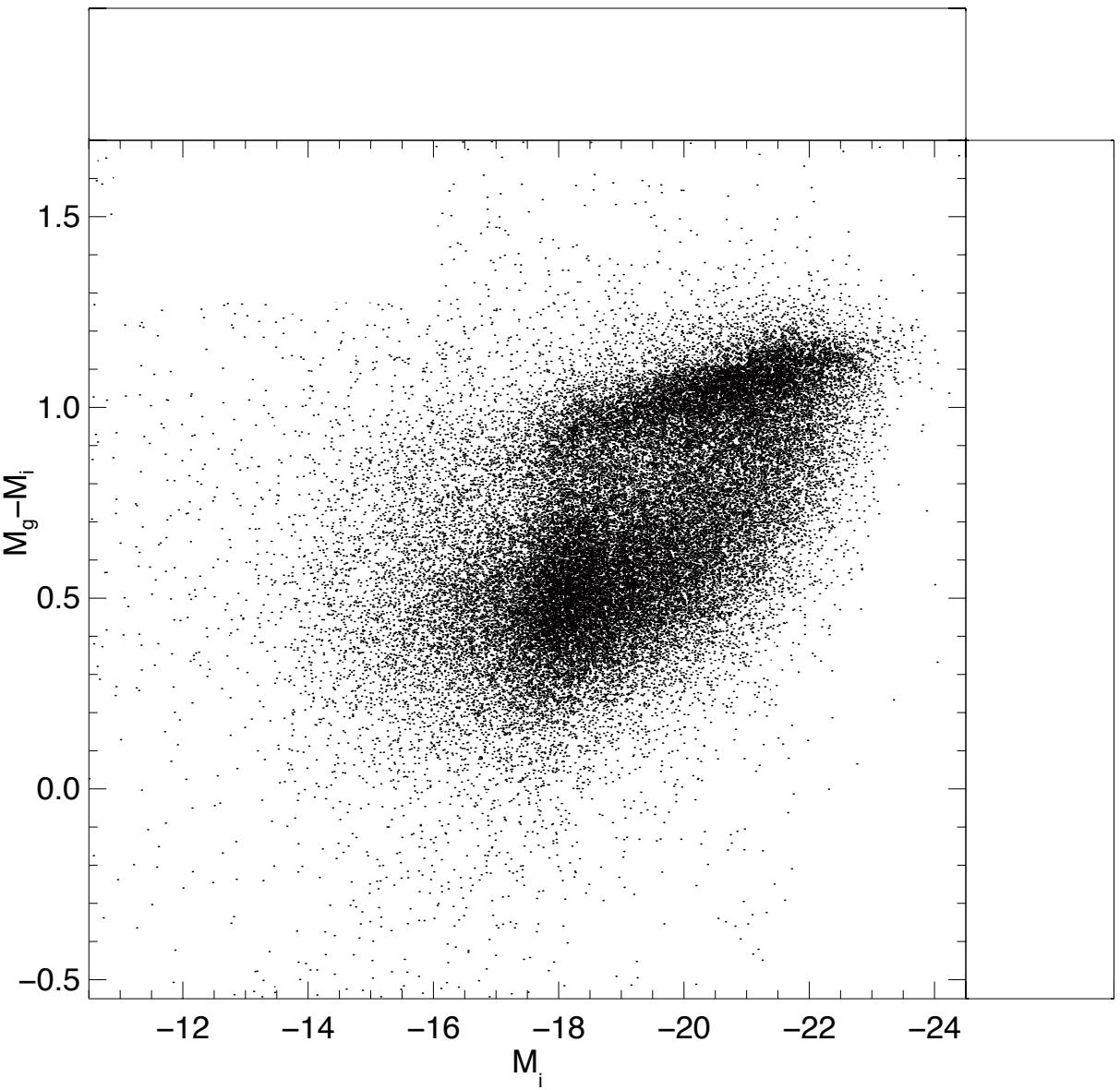
Supernova Rates and Luminosities



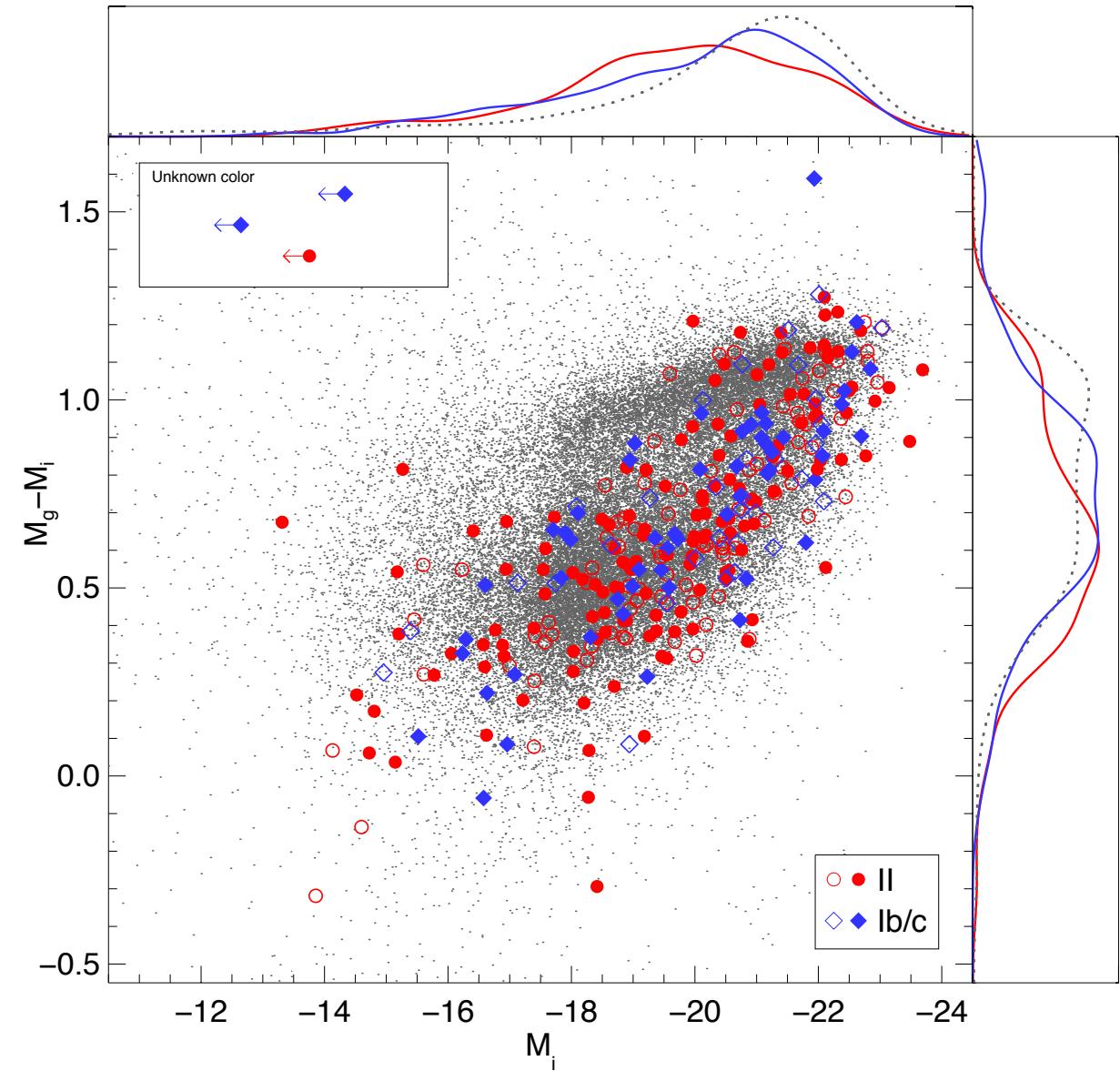
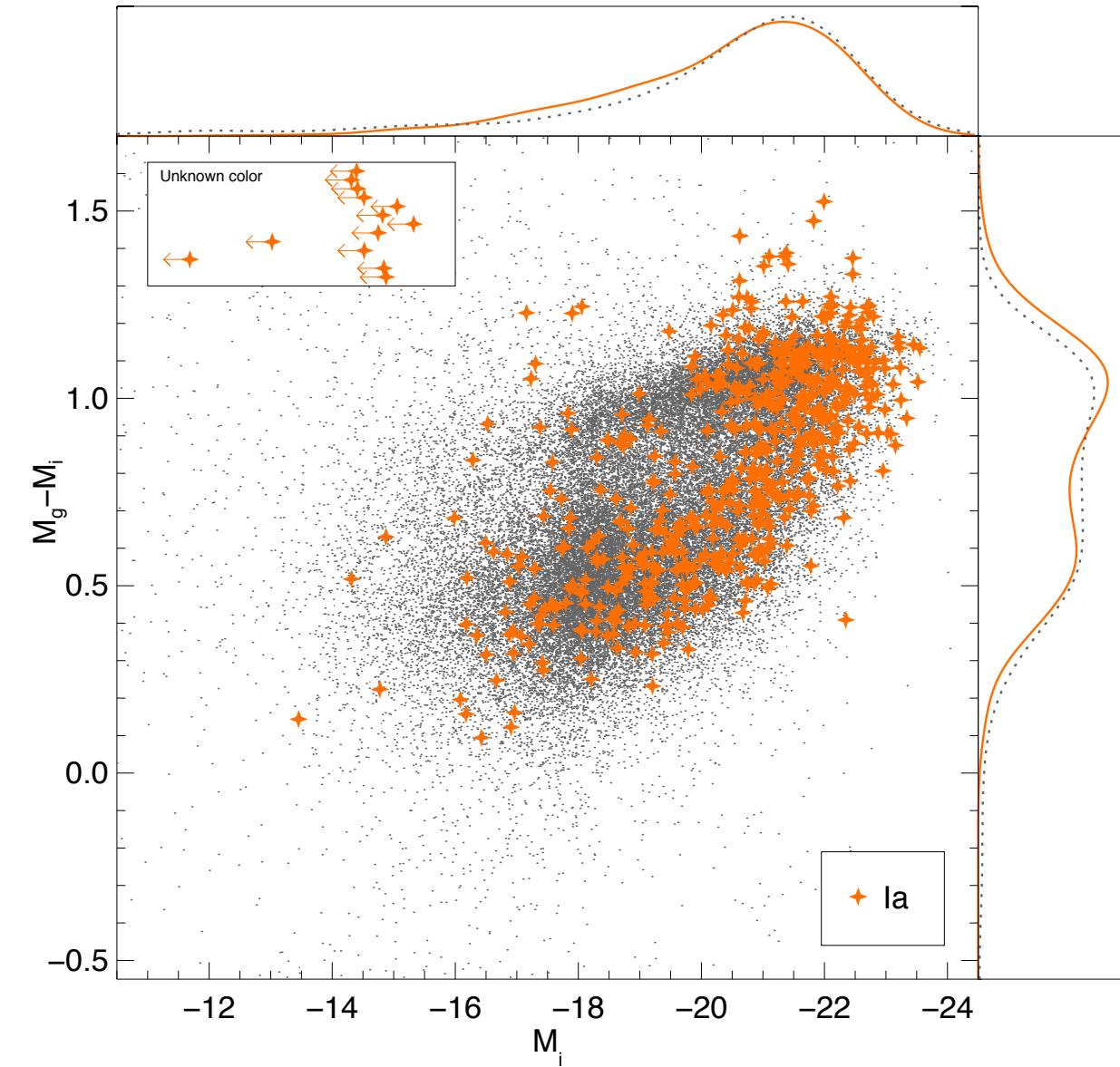
Supernova Rates and Luminosities



SDSS Galaxies



Host Galaxies



Summary

- We don't have to classify everything – just all of something! Focus on transients at $m < 18.5$ satisfying quality (coverage+visibility) and purity (CV/AGN-rejection) cuts
- Diversity in timescales, luminosities seen in all classes: will constrain physics and progenitors
- CCSN rate matches IMF+SFR; no "missing" SNe
- No difference in II vs. Ibc hosts yet

Served Up Publicly in Real Time

Survey description and statistics:

- <https://sites.astro.caltech.edu/ztf/bts/>

Live catalog with light curves, classifications, pretty host galaxy images, and much more:

- <https://sites.astro.caltech.edu/ztf/bts/explorer.php>

(These are public versions – internal links also exist with additional classifications and information.)