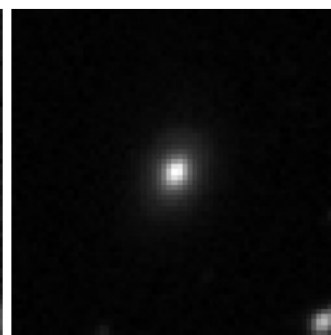


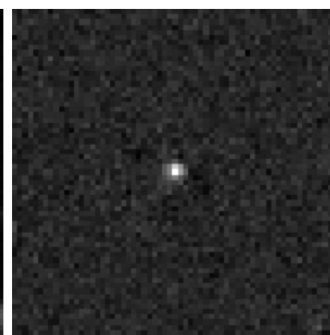
NEW



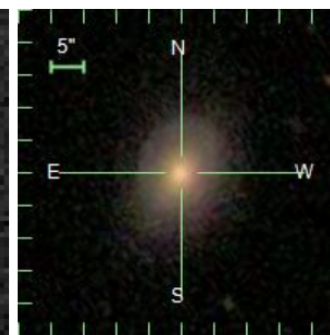
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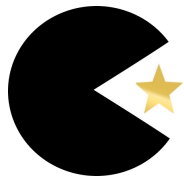
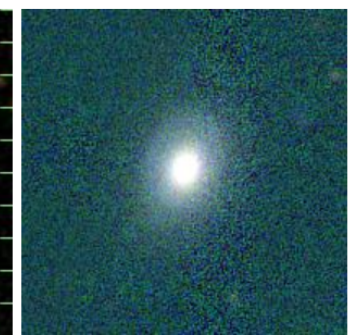
SUB



SDSS



PS1



Some thoughts on...

eROSITA + ZTF:

Exciting Opportunities for TDE Science

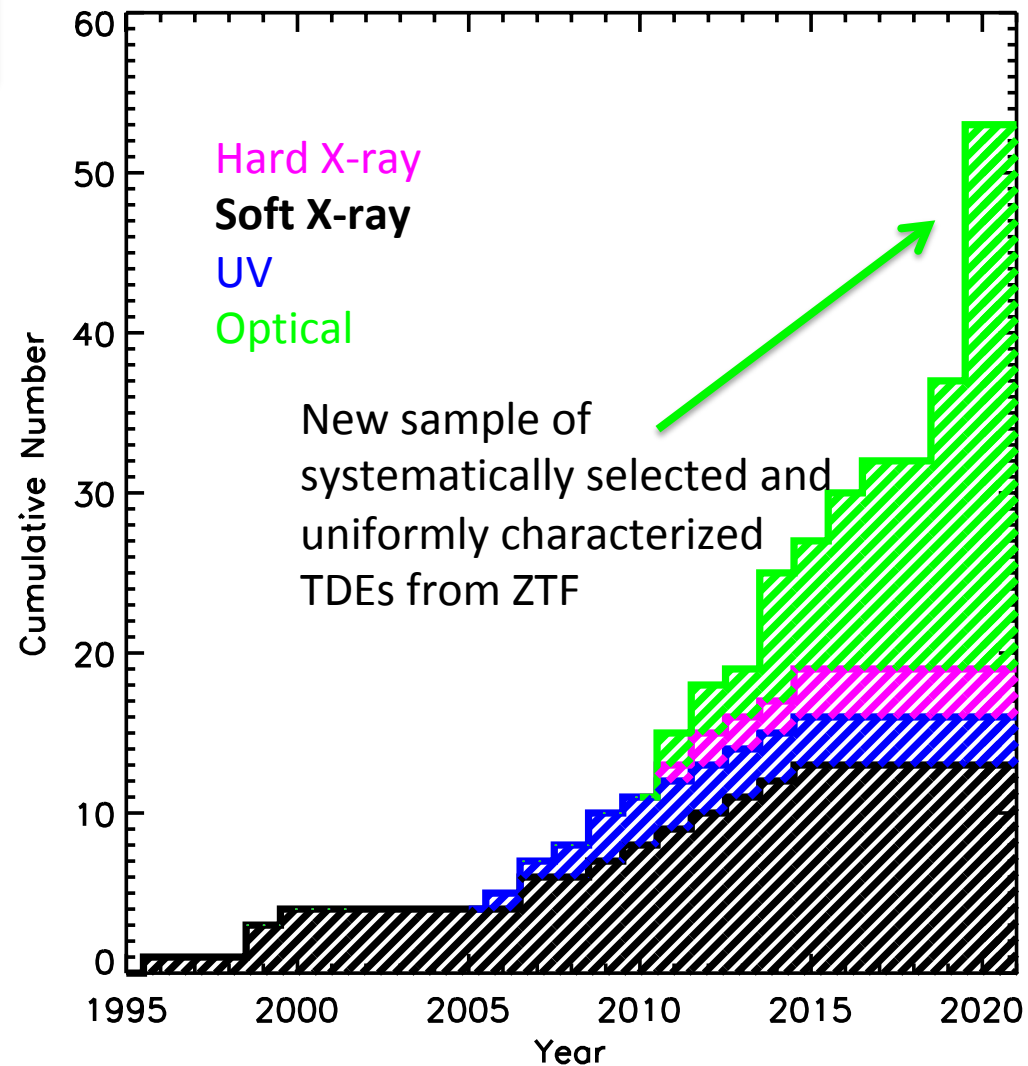
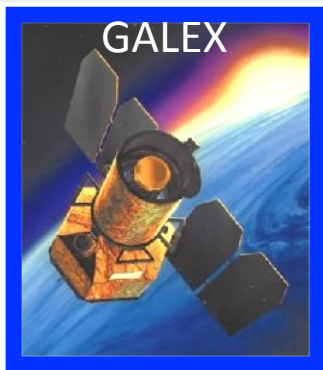
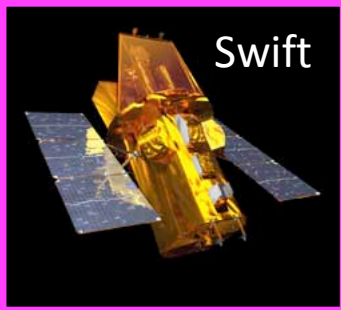


Suvi Gezari

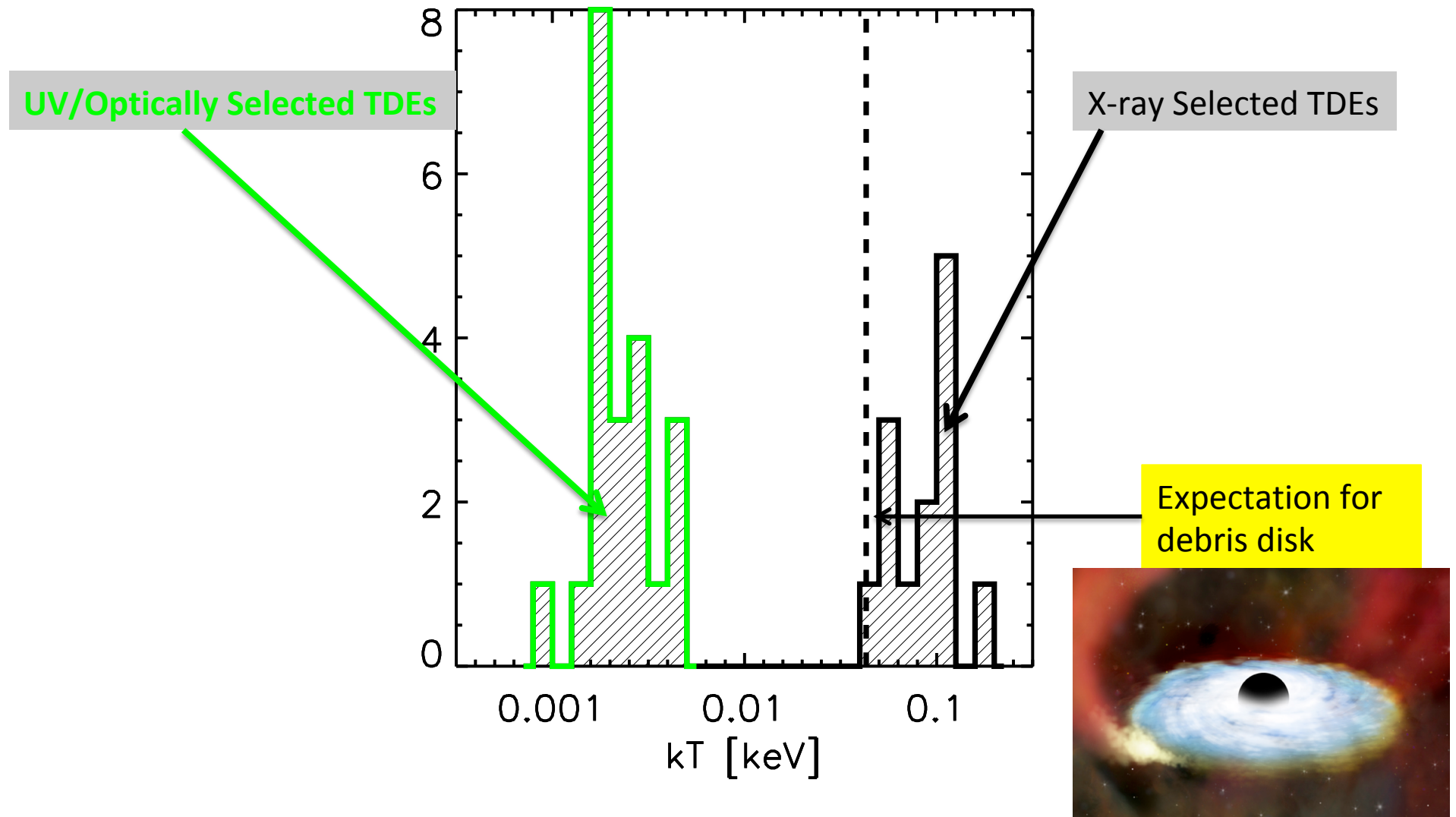


ZTF 2020 Spring Meeting -- Cyberspace

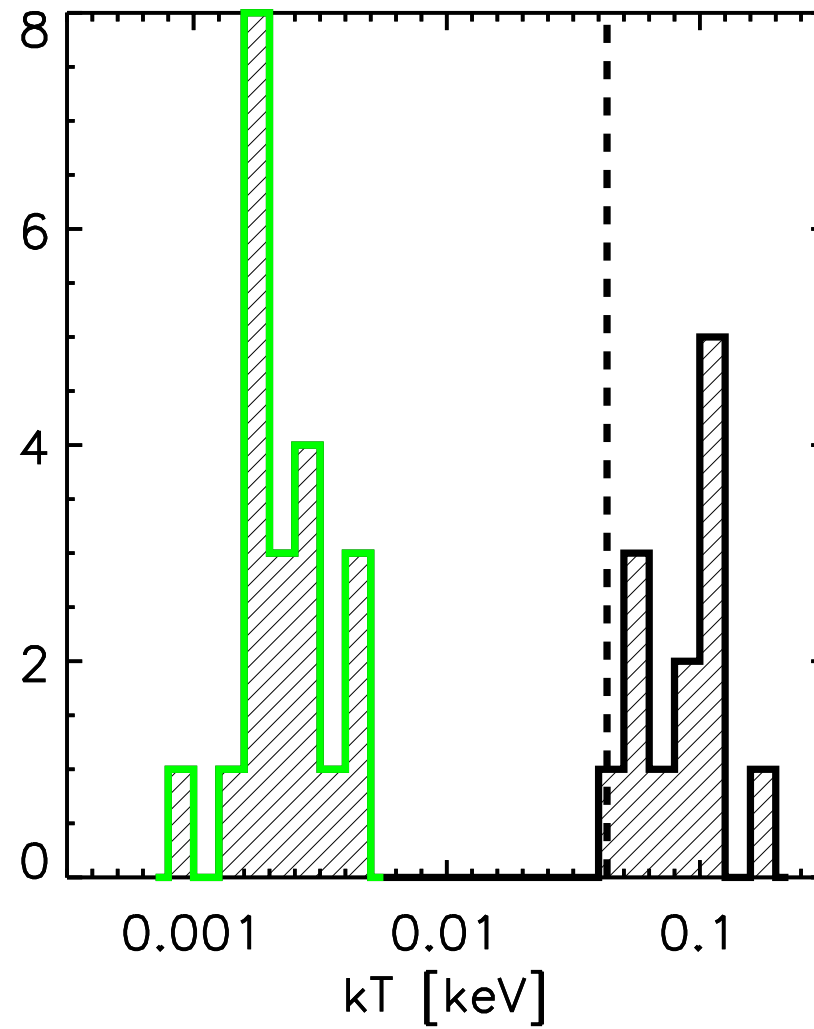
Multi- λ Searches for TDEs



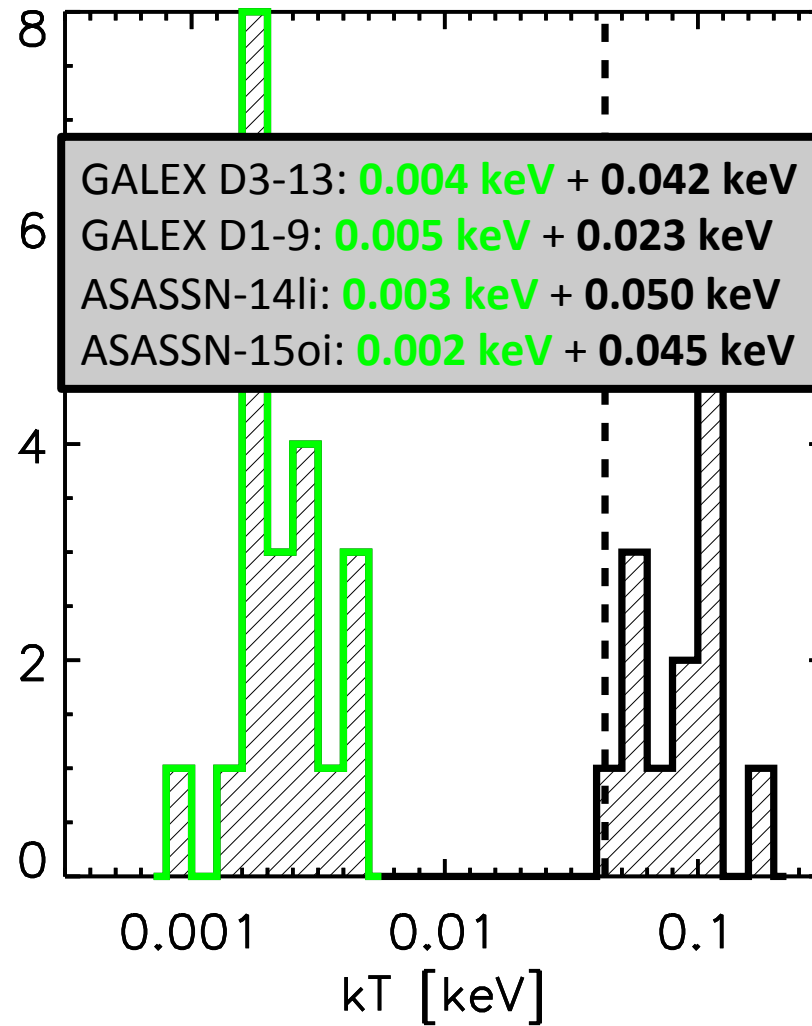
Surprise: Dichotomy of T_{BB}



Two Populations?

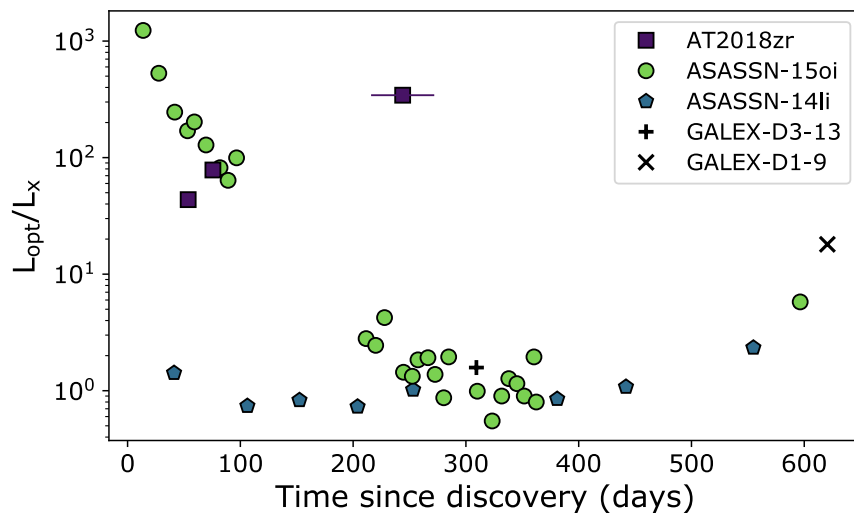


Two Components?



New Landscape of Optical+X-ray TDEs

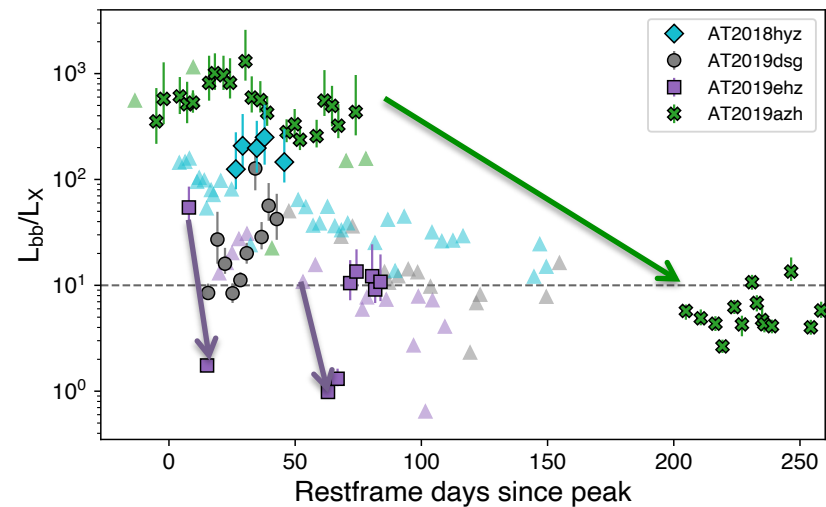
Before ZTF



van Velzen, Gezari, et al. 2018

*AT2018zr, the first TDE detected by ZTF, was one of only 5 TDEs with an optical **and** X-ray detection!*

After ZTF

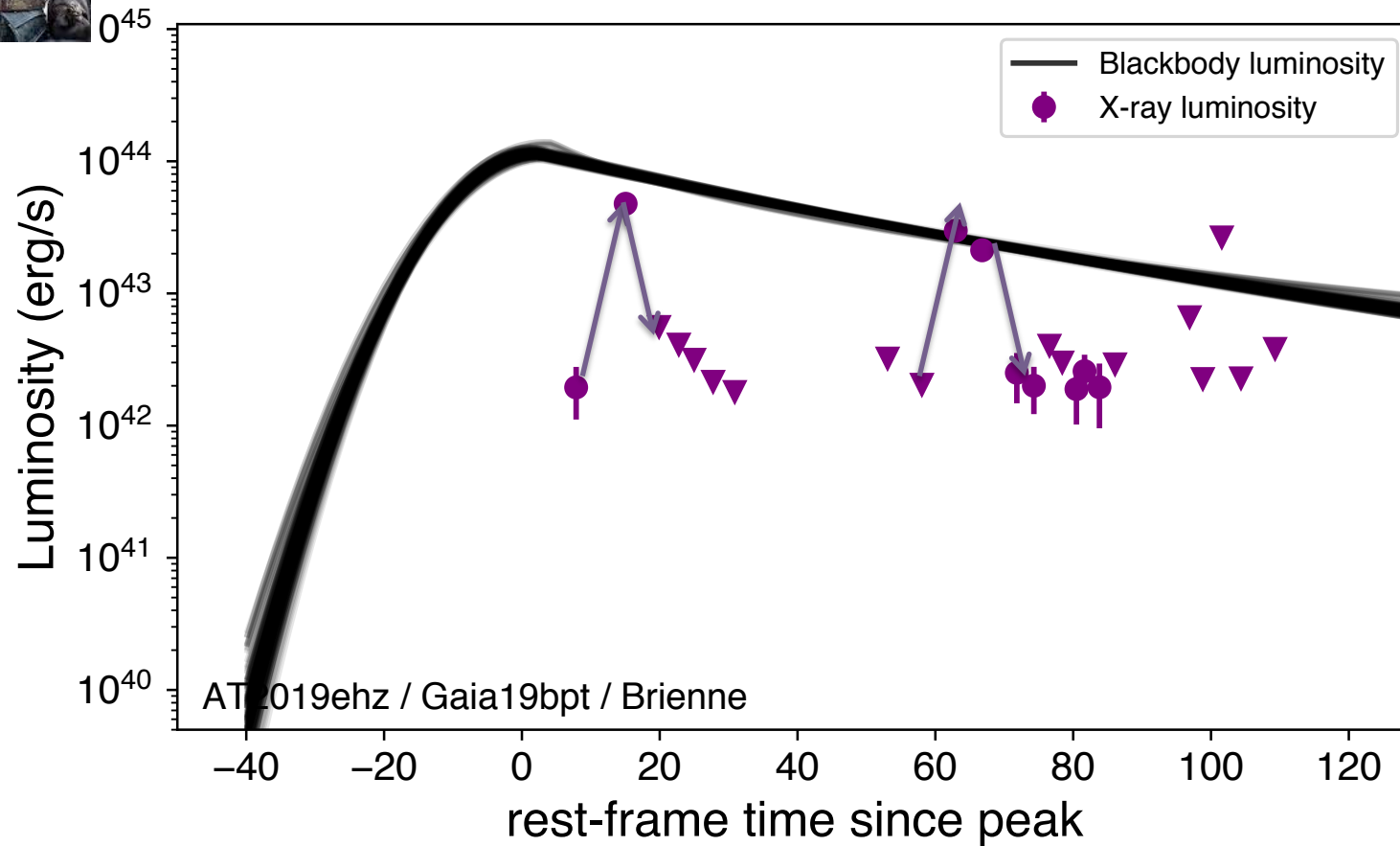


van Velzen, Gezari+ 2020

In the first 1.5yr of ZTF survey operations, we now have detected 4 more TDEs in the soft X-rays, and with dramatic variability!



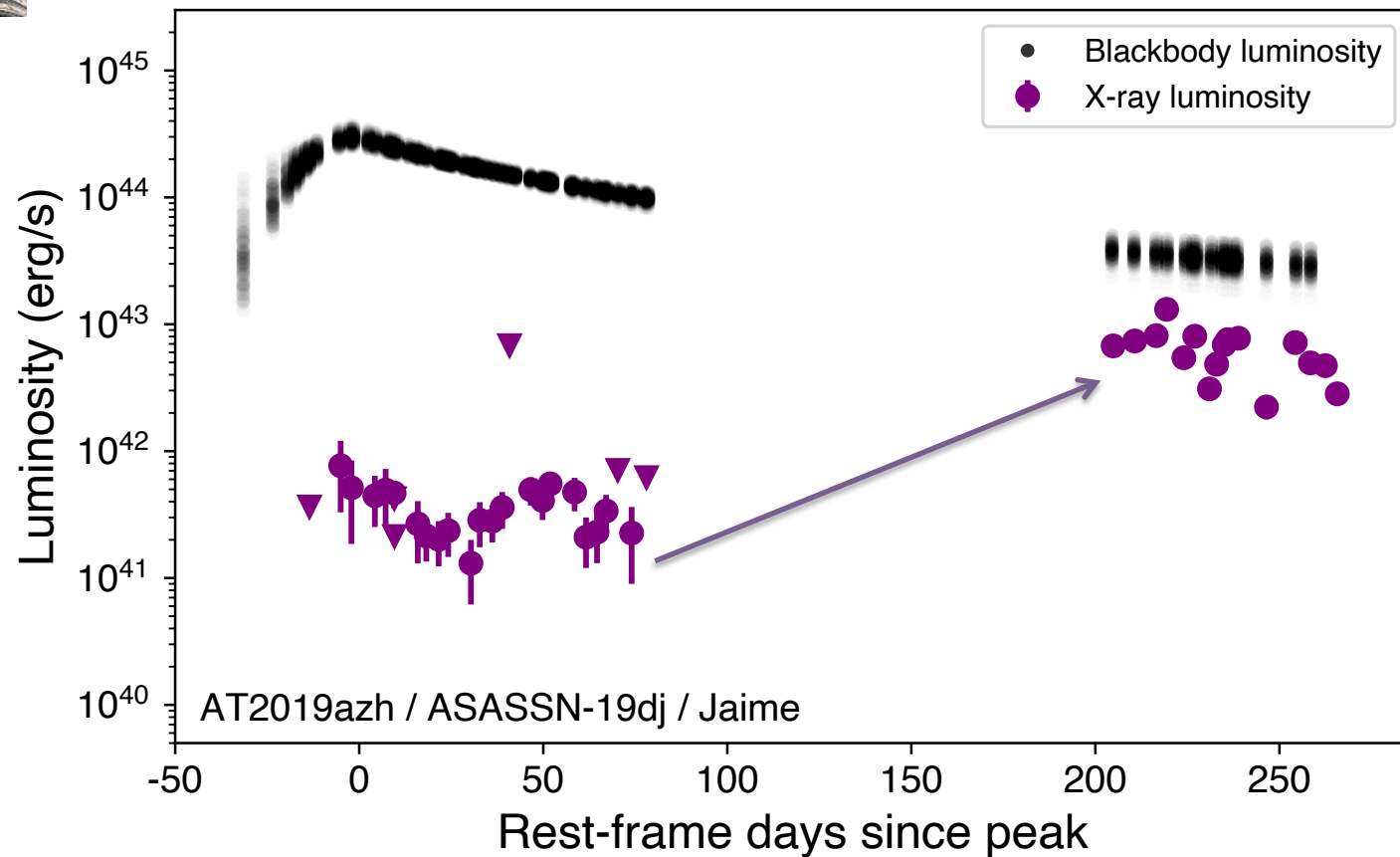
Brienne: Rapid Flaring



van Velzen, Gezari+ 2020



Jaime: Late-time Brightening

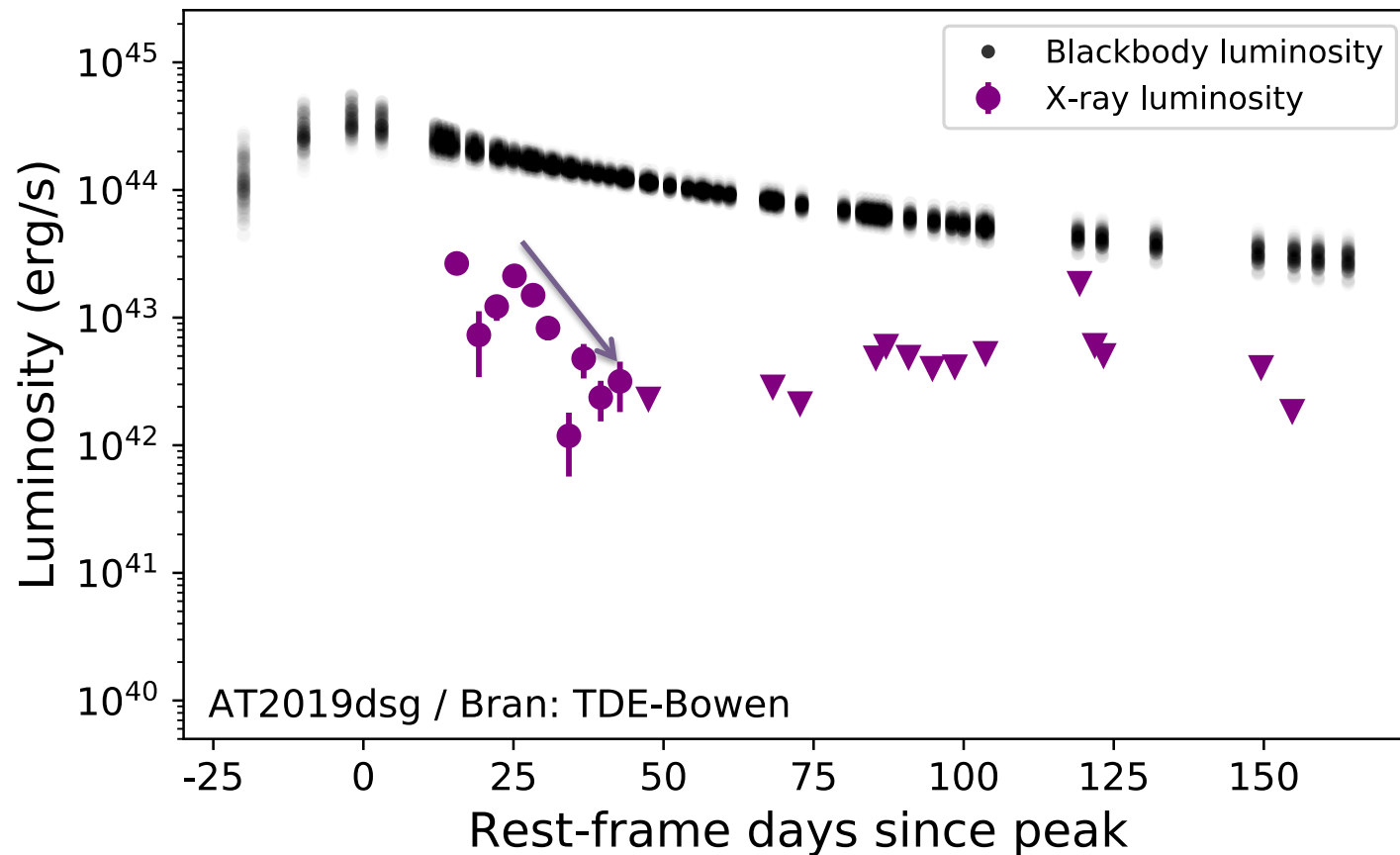


van Velzen, Gezari+ 2020

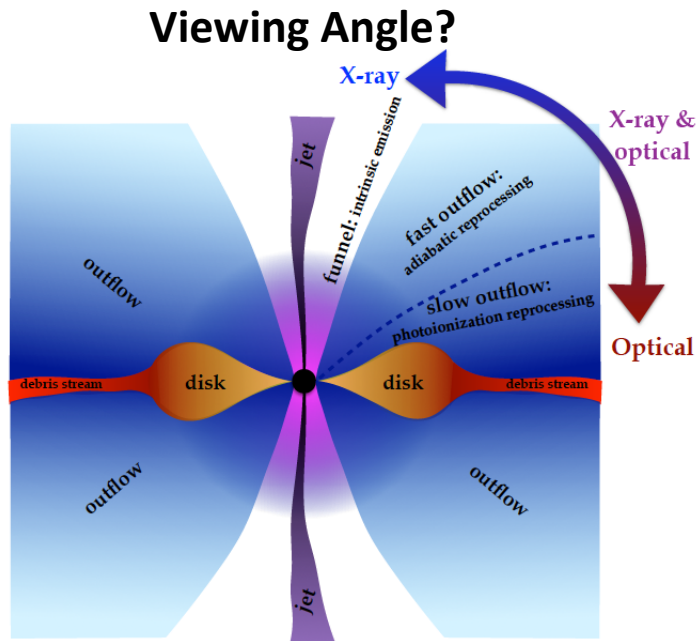


Bran: Early-time Fading

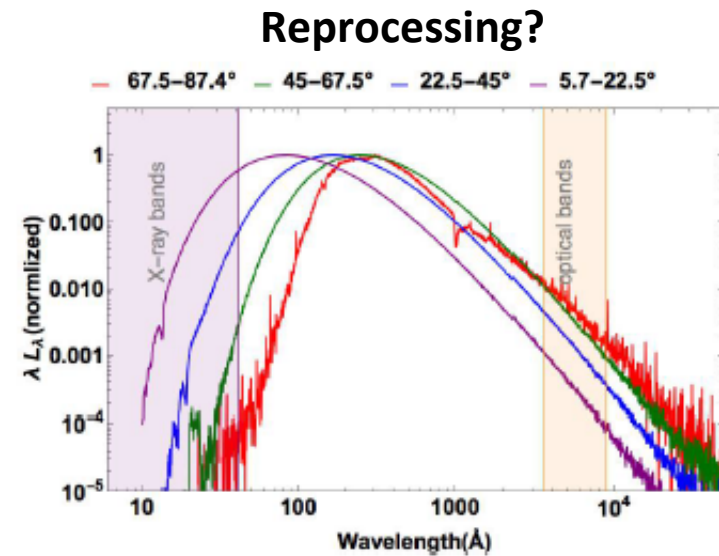
This is the neutrino TDE candidate!



What is driving dramatic soft X-ray evolution?

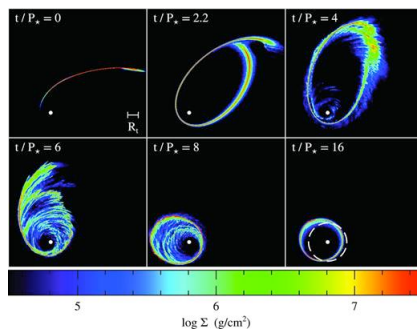


Dai et al. 2018



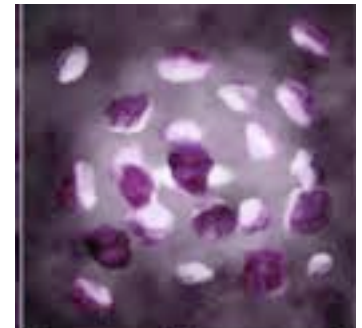
Dai et al. 2018

Circularization Delay?



Bonnerot+ 2016, Piran+2015

Patchy Obscuration?



van Velzen, Gezari+ 2020

eROSITA on Spectrum-Roentgen-Gamma (SRG)

Energy range: 0.5-10 keV
Russian and German mission
FOV: 0.83 deg²
Survey the whole sky in multiple epochs
Launched on July 13, 2019
First light on October 22, 2019
6-month halo orbit around L2
4 year survey
20 times deeper than ROSAT All-Sky Survey
*Excellent spatial and temporal overlap of ZTF II and
Russian eROSITA Northern half of data rights*



eROSITA



eROSITA+ZTF TDE Candidates

With a complementary X-ray selection of TDEs from eROSITA, we can:

- determine the true rate of TDEs
- determine the efficiency of the formation of the TDE accretion disk
- find out what physical properties determine their optical brightness

eROSITA+ZTF TDE Candidates



eROSITA+ZTF: Geralt

ZTF Target ZTF19acymzgw

http://skyserver.caltech.edu:8080/cgi-bin/growth/view_source.c



[[Previous](#) | [Next](#) | [ADS](#)]

ZTF19acymzgw Unlikely Related to SRG/eROSITA X-ray TDE Candidate

ATel #13507; *S. Gezari (UMd), S. van Velzen (UMd), Charlotte Ward (UMd), S. Frederick (UMd), K. De (Caltech), S. Kulkarni (Caltech), M. J. Graham (Caltech), and S. B. Cenko (NASA/Goddard) on behalf of the ZTF Collaboration*
on 20 Feb 2020; 00:00 UT

Distributed as an Instant Email Notice Transients
Credential Certification: Suvi Gezari (suvi@astro.umd.edu)

Subjects: Optical, AGN, Black Hole, Transient, Tidal Disruption Event

Referred to by ATel #: [13510](#)

Tweet

ATel #13494 reported the association of Zwicky Transient Facility alert ZTF19acymzgw with the SRG/eROSITA X-ray TDE candidate SRGet J143359.25+400638.5 detected centered on the galaxy SDSS J143359.16+400636 on 2019 Dec 27, and coincident with the X-ray source detected by Swift XRT on 2020 Feb 05 (ATel #13464). We have inspected the ZTF alert packets for ZTF19acymzgw, and note that the transient is significantly off-center from the host galaxy nucleus, by more than 1.0 arcsec in the g and r bands. We speculate that the transient, detected first by ZTF with g=19.3 mag on UT 2019 Dec 14 and then faded monotonically to g=20.5 mag on UT 2020 Jan 24, is in fact a supernova in the host galaxy that is unrelated to the SRG/eROSITA X-ray source.

We also obtained a spectrum of the host galaxy nucleus with Keck/LRIS on UT 2020 Feb 18, and confirm the presence of strong narrow emission lines at $z=0.099$ as also reported in ATel #13500, and we note that the line ratios of [O III]/H β and [N II]/H α are in the Seyfert region of the BPT diagram. The AGN classification for the host galaxy optical spectrum, together with the relatively hard spectrum of the X-rays reported by SRG/eROSITA ($kT = 0.29$ keV compared to previously reported X-ray selected TDEs with $0.04 \text{ keV} < kT < 0.17 \text{ keV}$), suggest that the X-ray variability may be related to the host galaxy AGN, and not a tidal disruption event.

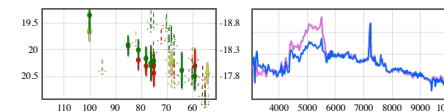
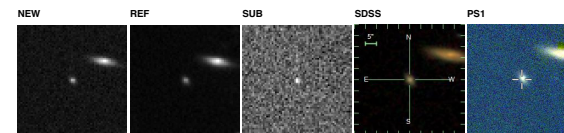
- Related**
- 13510** NuSTAR and Chandra observations of the bright X-ray transient in SDSS J143359.16+400636.0
 - 13509** Chandra Detection of SN2020bvc
 - 13507** ZTF19acymzgw Unlikely Related to SRG/eROSITA X-ray TDE Candidate
 - 13500** Bright emission lines in the optical spectrum and the redshift of the host galaxy (TDE candidate SRGet J143359.25+400638.5)
 - 13496** VLA X-band Detection of SN2020bvc
 - 13494** A bright X-ray TDE candidate SRGet J143359.25+400638.5 in SDSS J143359.16+400636
 - 13464** A new X-ray transient in SD J143359.16+400636.0

ZTF19acymzgw

14:33:59.19 +40:06:35.8
218.496606 +40.109938

[View another](#)

OVERVIEW PHOTOMETRY SPECTROSCOPY OBSERVABILITY EXAMINE FINDING CHART



$i = 20.4$ (54.3 d) | [Upload New Photometry](#)

$z = 0.099$ | [Upload New Spectroscopy](#)
DM (approximate) = 38.28

First saved in partnership data.

ADDITIONAL INFO

NED	TNS	SNEX	SIMBAD	VizieR	HEASARC	SkyView	MPChecker	Extinction
CFHT	IPAC	DSS	WISE	Subaru	VLT	FIRST	CRTS	ADS
IPTF Marshal	LegacySurvey	Avro Packets						

CURRENT FOLLOWUP REQUEST

ADD FOLLOWUP

Instrument: [Select Instrument](#)

ASSIGNMENTS

Added On	Assignment Date	Instrument	Priority	Comment	Program	PI	Status
2020-02-17	2020-02-17	Keck1+LRIS	4.0	Classification I eROSITA detection (mans)	Fast Transients	A. Ho	pending

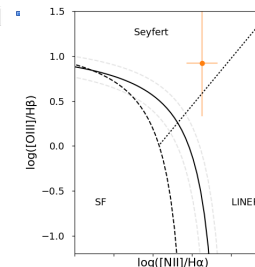
Add to: [2020-03-22 Keck1+LRIS \(Mansi Kasiwal\)](#) | Priority: [1](#) (1=low, 5=high)

Science Program (optional):

Request Type: [Classification](#)

Comment:

ToO Assignments



AUTO ANNOTATIONS

2020 Feb 17 [manai](#) [passed_filter]: ZTF Science Validation
2020 Feb 17 [annayqho](#) [SDSS_phot_auto]: 0.109 +- 0.0342 (0.389", reference)
2020 Feb 17 [annayqho](#) [Reference]: 2018-02-24 10:49:04 to 2018-06-21 04:22:44
2020 Feb 17 [annayqho](#) [saved_by_id]: Fast Transients Auto Annotation Submission Form
COMMENTS
2020 Feb 18 [dperley](#) [comment]: Blue-side reduction seems to have issues
2020 Feb 18 [dperley](#) [redshift]: 0.099
2020 Feb 18 [dperley](#) [comment]: Clearly AGN-like line ratios
2020 Feb 17 [lyan](#) [info]: TDE candidate from SRG

Add a Comment:

Attach File: [Browse...](#) No file selected.
Type: [info](#) [Save Comment](#)

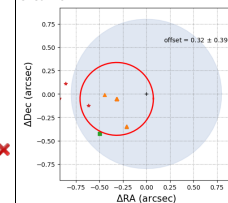
SEND AN ALERT

[ZTF Science Validation](#)
[Soft Alert \(email\)](#)
[Hard Alert \(email + SMS\)](#)
[Send Alert](#)

Add to Favorites

[Subscribe to this Target \(daily digest\)](#)
[Subscribe to this Target \(immediate alerts\)](#)

Offset Plot



[Transfer To Another Program](#)

ZTF alert offset from host, likely a fading SN unrelated to the eROSITA source. Host galaxy has narrow-line ratios consistent with an AGN.

eROSITA+ZTF: Yennifer

ZTF Target ZUDS20dkxcy

<http://skipper.cfa.harvard.edu/>



[\[Previous | Next | ADS \]](#)

ZTF Detection of Optical Transient Coincident with SRG/eROSITA X-ray TDE candidate

ATel #13513: *S. Gezari (UMd), C. Ward (UMd), D. Goldstein (Caltech), M. J. Graham (Caltech), S. van Velzen (UMd), S. B. Cenko (NASA/Goddard), and S. Kulkarni (Caltech) on behalf of the ZTF Collaboration*

on 22 Feb 2020; 18:42 UT

Distributed as an Instant Email Notice Transients

Credential Certification: [Suvi Gezari \(suvi@astro.umd.edu\)](mailto:suvi@astro.umd.edu)

Subjects: Optical, Request for Observations, AGN, Black Hole, Transient, Tidal Disruption Event

Tweet

ATel #13499 reported the discovery by SRG/eROSITA of an X-ray TDE candidate, SRGet J134954.70+432859.5, on 2019 Dec 12 centered on the galaxy SDSS J134954.68+432856.0. Here we report the serendipitous detection of an optical transient, ZUDS20dkxcy, within 0.75 arcsec of the host galaxy nucleus in subtracted 7-day coadds from the ZTF Survey. The coadds were produced as a part of the ZTF Uniform Depth Survey (ZUDS; Goldstein et al. 2020, in prep), a ZTF partnership experiment. They typically contained 7 g (30s), r (30s), or i-band (90s) exposures, reach a limiting magnitude of 21.5 in all three filters. ZUDS20dkxcy was detected with $g = 20.2$ mag on 2019 Dec 12, fading monotonically to $g = 21.5$ mag on 2020 Feb 18. We can constrain the onset of the transient to be after the last non-detection in the g-band on 2019 Nov 17. We detect no previous optical variability in the galaxy from over 1 year of 3-day cadence ZTF survey observations. At the redshift of the host galaxy of $z=0.045$, the optical flare absolute magnitude is only $M_g=-16.3$ mag, which is faint compared to optically selected tidal disruption events (typically with $M_g \sim -19$ to -20 mag), but this could be a result of selecting the TDE candidate in the X-rays. Optical spectroscopy is encouraged to characterize the nature of this X-ray and optical transient.

Related
13513 ZTF Detection of Optical Transient Coincident with SRG/eROSITA X-ray TDE candidate
13499 Bright X-ray source SRGet J134954.70+432859.5 in the direction of galaxy SDSS J134954.68+432856.0

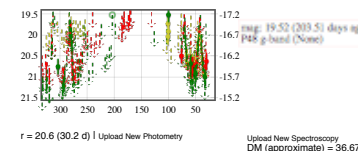
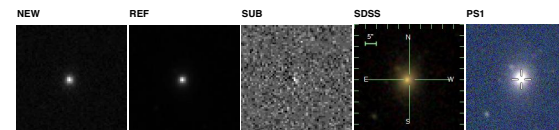


ZUDS20dkxcy

13:49:54.61 +43:28:55.9
207.477539 +43.482189
Note: 0.9" from ZTF18aarmqgo

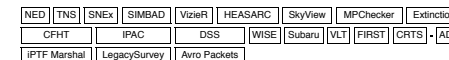
[View another](#)

OVERVIEW PHOTOMETRY SPECTROSCOPY OBSERVABILITY EXAMINE FINDING CHART



First saved in partnership data.

ADDITIONAL INFO



CURRENT FOLLOWUP REQUEST

ADD FOLLOWUP

Instrument: <- Select Instrument ->

ASSIGNMENTS

Add to: 2020-03-22 Keck+LRIS (Mansi Kasliwal) Priority: 1 (1=low, 5=high)
Science Program (optional):
Request Type: Classification
Comment:

ToO Assignments

AUTO ANNOTATIONS
2020 Feb 27 ashob [saved by id]: ZUDS and ZTFBH
2020 Feb 20 mansi [SDSS_specz_auto]: 0.0440 +- 1.87e-05 (0.790", GALAXY [reference])
2020 Feb 20 mansi [SDSS_photz_auto]: 0.0815 +- 0.0156 (0.790", [reference])
2020 Feb 20 mansi [CLU_d_to_galaxy_arcsec]: 0.7949
2020 Feb 20 mansi [CLU_cluid]: 375714
2020 Feb 20 mansi [CLU_name]: 2MASX J13495466+4328563
2020 Feb 20 mansi [CLU_z]: 0.04433
2020 Feb 20 mansi [CLU_sfr_fuv]: -999.0
2020 Feb 20 mansi [CLU_mstar]: 11585905235.839233
2020 Feb 20 mansi [CLU_sfr_hst]: 0.0
2020 Feb 20 mansi [GLADE_z]: 0.049528
2020 Feb 20 mansi [saved by id]: ZUDS and CLU
Auto Annotation Submission Form

COMMENTS
2020 Feb 27 suvi (redshift): 0.049528

ADD A COMMENT:

Attach File: [Browse...](#) No file selected.
Type: info [Save Comment](#)

SEND AN ALERT

☒ ZUDS and ZTFBH
☐ Soft Alert (email)
☐ Hard Alert (email + SMS)
[Send Alert](#)

★ Add to Favorites

☒ Subscribe to this Target (daily digest)

☒ Subscribe to this Target (immediate alerts)

Offset Plot
Offset Plot Unavailable

[Transfer To Another Program](#)

f2

ZTF detected a faint optical counterpart with ZUDS with $g = 21.2$ mag, but no UV emission detected by Swift ($uvw2 > 21.62$ mag).

1:22 PM

Items for Discussion

So far we have been responding to ATels...

- Can we form a direct relationship with the eROSITA team to optimize our follow-up observations?
- How can we improve their X-ray TDE candidate criteria?
- With sparsely sampled X-ray light curves, how does one differentiate AGN variability from true, transient TDE outbursts?
- What archival ZTF+eROSITA projects should we plan for?