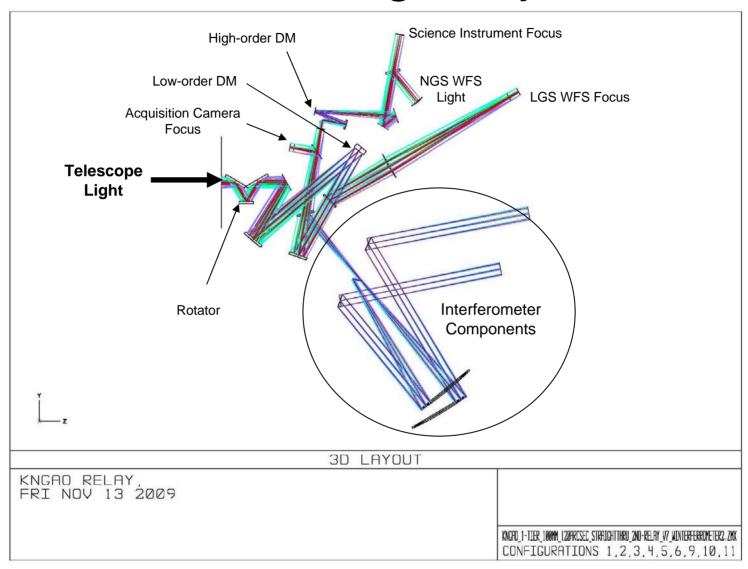
Keck Next Generation Adaptive Optics

Instrument Bench
Preliminary Mechanical Design

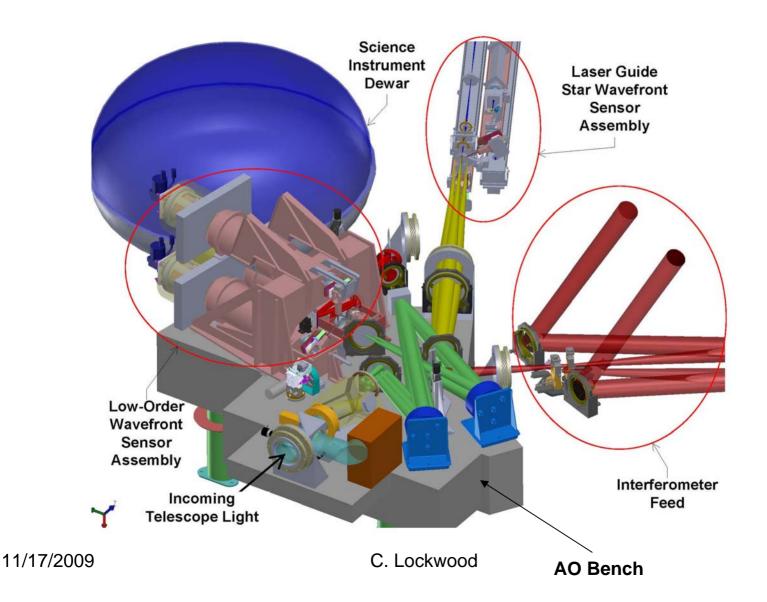
Scope and Goals (AO relay only)

- Iterate optical and mechanical designs to a compatible layout.
- Generate design detail at levels adequate to show feasible mountings without interference or vignetting.
- Verify adjustment resolution can satisfy alignment tolerance requirements of optical design.
- Evaluate thermal stability from maintenance (dome) temperatures, to instrument operating conditions.
- Evaluate stability of instrument interface to telescope.
- Assess vibration stability considering internal and external sources.
- Identify challenges for subsequent phase.

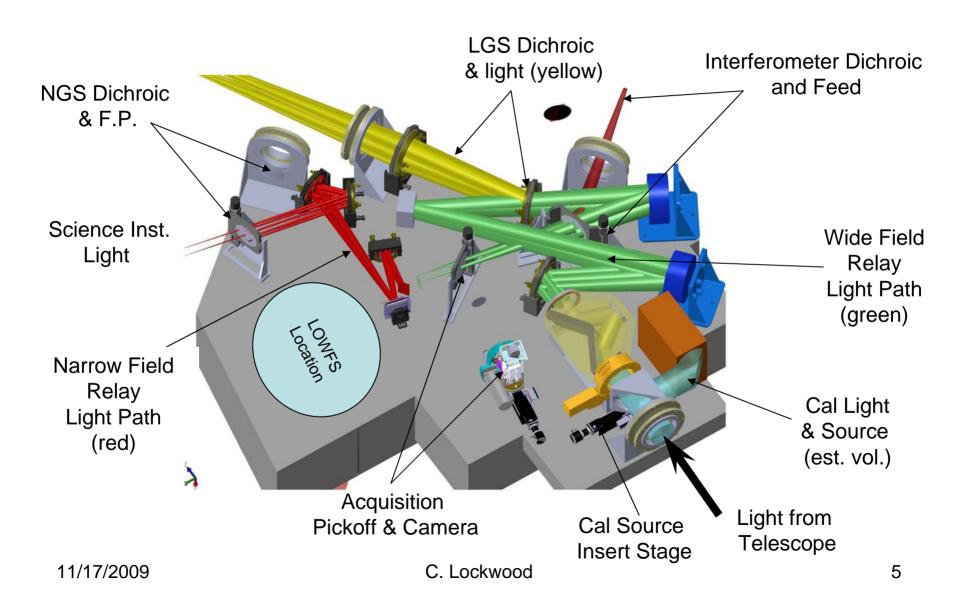
Zemax Design Layout



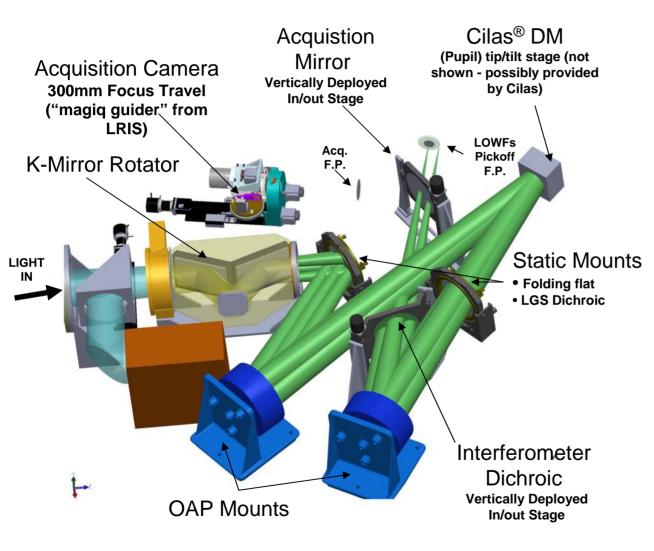
Bench & Related Assemblies



Bench Layout



Wide Field Relay



- Tip/tilt stage-mounted Deformable mirror (mfg's design pending)
- 2 Static mounts (choice TBD). Shown are Optosigma gimbal mounts w/out (desired) lockable adjustments.
- Acquisition camera shown is "magiq guider" design from LRIS.
- Interferometer dichroic and acquisition camera require custom in/out stages to avoid vignetting.
- Parabola mounts shown are mfg'd by SORL. Packaging limitations may require other choice other choice to fit in final enclosure walls.

K-Mirror Rotator

Preloaded Cross-roller ring

Newport RV240 Rotational Stage

Aperture diameter (mm) 240

Travel Range (°) 360

Resolution (°) 0.001

Minimum Incremental

Motion (°) 0.001

Uni-directional 0.001 typical, 0.002 Repeatability (°) guaranteed

Reversal Value 0.001 typical, 0.001

(Hysteresis) (°) guaranteed

0.007 typical, 0.010

Absolute Accuracy (°) guaranteed

Maximum Speed (°/s) 80

8 typical, 16

Wobble (µrad) guaranteed

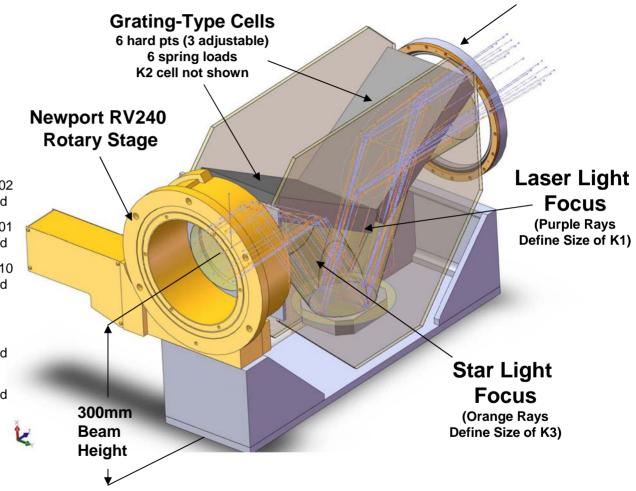
1.4 typical, 4

Eccentricity (µm) guaranteed

Not Specified

Minimum Operating Temperature

Pressure/Altitude limits

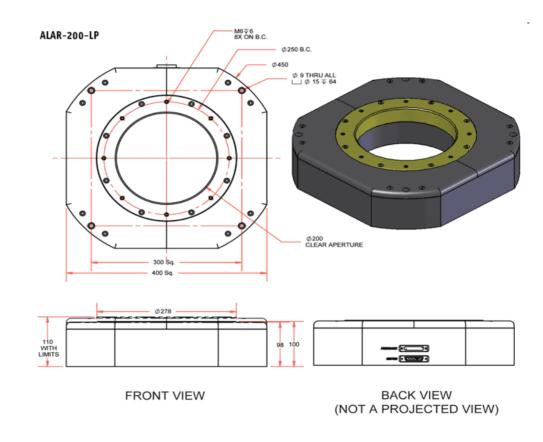


K-Mirror Rotator (cont'd)

- Performance TBD (FR1890 thru 1896).
- Previous Alignment (KAON093)
 - ~1.8 mm on the bench.
 - ~+/-10 arcsec tip/tilt internal/external => 5 micron over 100mm.
- New sub-apertures of 1/3 size => 2 micron req'd.
- Tracking Speed: Up to 1.8deg/sec
- Tracking Acuracy: +/- 5% sub-aperture, 64 across, ~5 arcmin/(2x rotator motion) ~ 2.5arcmin during an exposure...
- Slew rate TBD

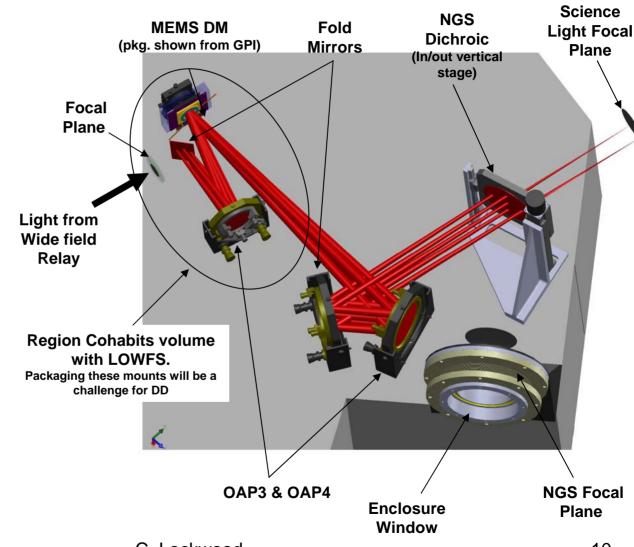
K-Mirror Rotator (cont'd)

- Alternative Rotary Stage being considered
- Aerotech Direct Drive
- Meets resolution, accuracy, speed, and travel requirements (of the current system).
- No gearing backlash
- DC servo

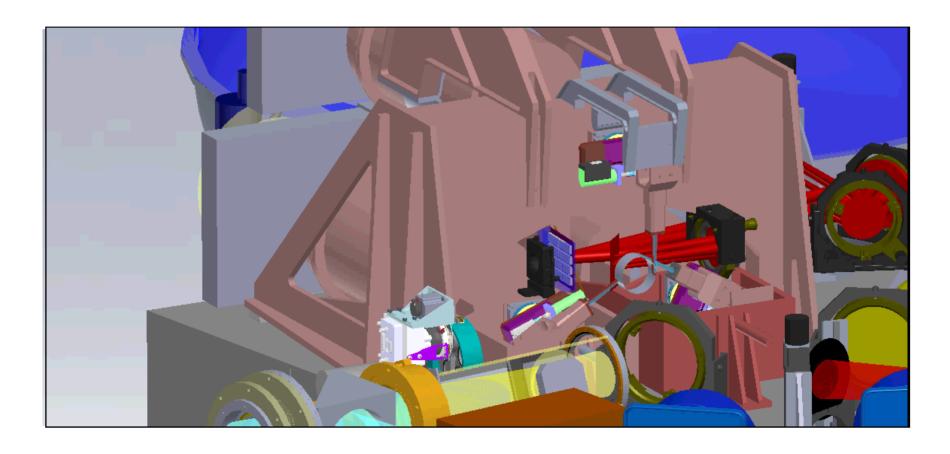


Narrow Field Relay

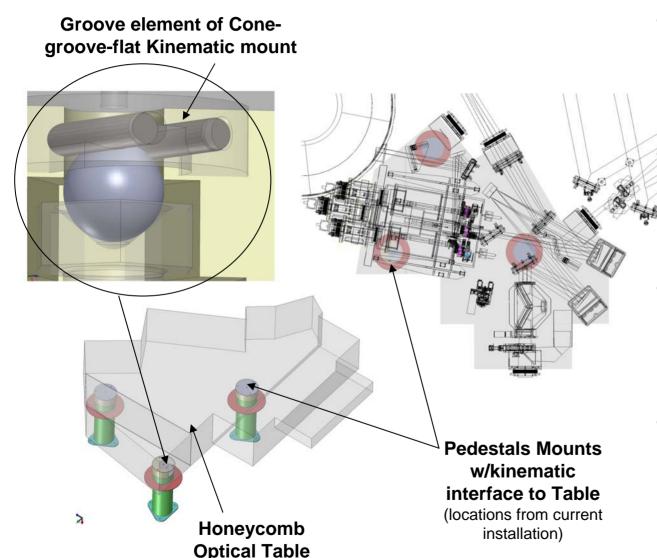
- MEMs Deformable mirror shown on 5-DOF Newport mirror mount. Slow tip/tilt stage-mount will be pursued in DD.
- MEMs & OAP3 mount must be suspended inside LOWFS structure (see next slide).
- Static mounts choice TBD. Shown are Optosigma gimbal mounts w/out lockable adjustments (desired).
- In/out stage req'd NGS WFS dichroic.
- Parabola mounts are TBD. Packaging is tight for this relay.



Packaging Issue for Narrow Field Relay (right click, "play movie")



Bench Structure



Complex Table shape required for cirnc of external structures and minimization of thermal enclosure vol. (not shown).

Size and Mat'l: Thickness nominally 500mm. Weight, stiffness, thermal expansion, payload, and dynamic forces req'd for full specification.

- Location for pedestals based on current configuration – may change in Detailed Design with better mass estimates.
- Current kinematics are cone-groove-flat type. Will evaluate 3-radial-groove type as well as matching upper and lower structures for rolling vs. sliding DOFs, in Detailed design.

11/17/2009

Alignment

 General positioning req'd not difficult to achieve with commercial mounts from optical design tolerance analysis:

• Decenter < ~100 micrometers

• Tilt < ~14 arcsec

Separation < ~200 micrometers

- K-mirror Rotator alignment specs not yet set (FR-1892). From KAON093 most difficult is internal/external tip/tilt, +/-10arcsec required for pupil alignment to +/-5% of a sub-aperture. 3x better req'd for 63 actuator DM or ~ 2micron over 100mm.
- Narrow field DM will require more stringent alignment. If we use the 5% of a sub-aperture criteria, decenter will be approximately +/-20 micrometers.
- OAP alignment procedure and adjustment requirements to be established in DD.

Vibration Stability

- On-instrument sources required to operate during observations:
 - K-mirror rotator
 - Tip/tilt stage for (woofer) deformable mirror
 - Slow tip/tilt mount for MEMs deformable mirror
 - LOWFS (CCRs and pickoff motors)
- Telescope coupling.
- No stability specification set (FR-1879) optical design tolerances set upper limit.
- Mass and CG of all subsystems are required to continue with modal analysis of bench mount, table & components.

Thermal Stability

- ~20deg C difference between maintenance/alignment conditions, and operating conditions.
- In-plane displacements of ~ 0.25mm expected for SS (across a meter at dT=20) – detailed image quality impact & consideration of options (low cte table material, metering elements) req'd for DD.
- Vertical displacements expected on same scale. Impact and options (optical mount compensators, low cte/compensator table mounts) req'd in DD.

Motorized Mechanisms

Component	Mode	Туре	Accuracy	Cooling** ?
Cal source	in/out config	stepper	~2mm	unlikely
K-mirror Rotator	tracking	servo	unspecified (FR- 1894)	likely
Tip/Tilt Stage	Continuous	Electro-static (nominally from Cilas)	100 mas	unknown
Cilas DM	Continuous	Deformable mirror	-	no
IF Dichroic	in/out config	stepper	moves normal to beam. ~few mm	Unlikely
Acq. Camera Mirror	in/out config	stepper	moves normal to beam. ~few mm	Unlikely
LOWFS *				
Slow Tip/Tilt Stage	Continuous	unknown	high	likely
NGS Dichroic	in/out config	stepper	moves normal to beam. ~few mm	unlikely
Narrow Field ADC	Continuous	servo	TBD	TBD

^{*} The LOWFS are addressed in a separate report and mentioned here only for ref.

^{**} Device/motor selection and power dissipation slated for Detailed Design