# NGAO Two-Telescope AM2 + Narrow FoV Relay Architecture

#### **Concept Summary**

Narrow-field optimized small relay on Keck 1

feeding NIR Imager & IFS, Vis Imager & IFS, possible High-contrast instrument

AM2 on Keck 2

feeding d-NIRI, possibly a NIR GLAO camera, possibly legacy instruments

#### **Interferometer Support**

Repackage the existing AO systems into a new Nasmyth basement on each of Keck 1 and Keck 2

## Lasers

Single laser lab with 8 20 W CW Na D2 line lasers (supports up to 6 d-NIRI IFU channels) Switchable inputs to either Keck 1 or Keck 2 BTO fiber runs

## **Laser Launch Telescopes**

2 (one per Keck)

On-axis projection 50 cm diameter On-axis RC telescope design Two-mirror transmission > 0.85 Asterism counter-rotates on the sky to negate field rotation

#### **Beam Transfer System**

1 Hollow-core photonic crystal fiber per laser beam Bundle run of 15 fibers (w/ spares) Approx. 30 m run

> Transmission (589 nm) > 0.71Top-end laser diagnostics package

### **Real-Time Controller**

Narrow-field Single Tomograph RTC

Must handle 6 x 64 x 64 HOWFS input and 4 x 64 x 64 DM cmd outputs

Wide-field One independent RTC per d-

NIRI channel Each must handle 1 x 32 x 32 HOWFS input and 1 x 32 x 32 DM cmd output

# **PSF Calibration System**

Narrow-field

Wide-field

Identical copy of science relay 5" unvignetted FoV

Spatial pick-off in Nas focal plane in annulus 10" < radius < 90" (could be part of LOWFS subsystem)

**Detectors TBD** 

Patrolling camera(s)

Spatial pick-off in Nas focal plane (some field blocking okay) **Detectors TBD** 

# **Field Rotation**

Lots of 'barrel rotators', for each sensor package & instrument (El bearing flange to focus distance ~1.767 m helps packaging)

**Optics** 

Narrow-field Refractive Relay

20" unvignetted FoV

Maintained at -5C relative to ambient temperature

AM<sub>2</sub> Wide-field

**Laser Guide Star Asterism** 

Narrow-field 6 Na beacon sci asterism

> 1 @ field center 5 on fixed pentagon of radius 12"

2 Na beacons for 1 TT, 1 TTFA LOWFS LGS pointed toward LOWFS stars

1 Na beacon per d-NIRI target + Wide-field

> 2 Na beacons for 2 TT Each LGS pointed directly at d-NIRI science target

LOWFS LGS pointed toward LOWFS stars

**Deformable Mirrors** 

1 x 64 x 64 actuator MEMS DM Narrow-field

25.2 mm pupil diameter 400 micron pitch Hermetic seal DM window

Wide-field AM2

N = 32 actuators across telescope pupil Diameter ~ 1.456 m Final focal ratio = 15.41

(to provide M3 - focus distance of 8 m)

N x 32 x 32 d-NIRI MEMS and

Modest stroke requirement - only handling isoplanatic component of wavefront

**Tip/Tilt Correction** 

Fast tip/tilt mirror Narrow-field

25 mm pupil diameter

AM2 tip/tilt Wide-field

> & 2nd-stage tip/tilt embedded within each fed instrument (if

needed)

**HO Wavefront Sensors** 

Narrow-field 6 LGS asterism sensor package

Full-field dichroic pick-off before relay Full atmospheric linear range or Go-to MEMS correction in HOWFS

8 LGS sensors Wide-field

Full-field dichroic pickoff before instruments

**LO Wavefront Sensors** 

2 TT + 1 TTFA + TWFS Narrow-field

Spatial pick-off in Nas focal plane in annulus 10" < radius < 90" **NIR TT ROI Trackers** 

NIR 2x2 subap Pyramid

64 x 64 MEMS correction in TT, TTFA WFS 8 x 8 subap (slow) visible S-H Truth WFS (20 sec exposure)

1 TT + TWFS Wide-field

Spatial pick-off in Nas focal plane (some field blocking okay) NIR TT Tracker

32 x 32 MEMS correction in TT WFS

8 x 8 subap (slow) visible S-H Truth WFS (20 sec exposure)

**Wavefront Sensor ACQ** 

Narrow-field 2k x 2k NIR camera 2k x 2k CCD and

Calibrated offset to sci instruments allow use of same cameras for sci acquisition

2k x 2k NIR camera Wide-field

> 2k x 2k CCD and Calibrated offset to sci instruments allow use of same cameras for sci

> > acquisition dNIRI metrology system and