Palomar Adaptive Optics Test Plan

Title	Laser power-up
Version	2.0
Date released	9/18/2007
Lead	V. Velur
Time requested	1 hr prior to laser use
Required conditions	N/A

Purpose

- Safely power up laser.
- Optimize laser power, frequency tuning.
- If necessary, reduce power for alignment procedures.

Test procedure

- A. Power up laser
- 1. Top up water in large chiller.
- 2. Switch on both chillers (button/switch on front of each).
- Press white button on laser controller, labeled "Laser Flow".
 3.1. Pressure should read ~50 PSI, flow should read ~0.7 Gal/Min.
- 4. On temp control laptop, right-click on each window and restart display (on 1.06 AOM, 1.06 Etalon, 1.32 AOM, 1.32 LBO). Wait for temps to stabilize.
- 5. Verify that both IR beams are blocked (two flipping blocks, one next to 1.32 diodes, one near SFG)
- 6. Verify that laser function generator is set to 1 (=10 Hz pulses)
- 7. Switch photodiodes on (1.06, 1.32, 1.06 diode).
- 8. On both diode power supplies (Analogue Modules):
 - 8.1. Turn key switch to on.
 - 8.2. When alarm stops, hit "A" (pulse mode operation)
 - 8.3. Press "run" (High power IR green or purple goggles required)
- 9. Turn up laser function generator dial to 36 (=360 Hz pulses).
- 10. Verify that both lasers are lasing. Pulse shape should now look reasonable.
- 11. Verify that LBO temp display is at ~41.9 C (lowest left in rack).
- 12. Press "enable" on Na cell temp controller (lowest right in rack).
- 13. Check 589nm unmodelocked power.
 - 13.1. Turn on power meter and insert in beam just ahead of output optics.
 - 13.2. Zero power meter.
 - 13.3. Open IR beam blocks (High power 589nm purple goggles required)
 - 13.4. Record power.
- 14. Verify that IR beams shapes are good in spiricon display
- 15. Mode lock IR lasers.
 - 15.1. Turn "1.06 power adjust" knob clockwise until you reach black mark (=2).
 - 15.2. Turn "1.32 power adjust" knob clockwise until just above black mark (=4).
- 16. Adjust "Phase Control" knob until 589nm power is maximized.
- 17. Frequency adjustment (when Na cell has reached ~69 C)
 - 17.1. Adjust horizontal actuator on 1.06 etalon to maximize fluorescence as seen in oscilloscope output.

- 18. Record power and remove power meter from beam.
- 19. Laser is ready for observing.

To change to low power for alignment

- 1. Insert power meter just before output optics.
- 2. Dephase the IR lasers by adjusting the "phase control" knob to achieve desired power.
- 3. Remove power meter.

Laser optimization

- 1. Laser optimization, level 1
 - 1.1. Adjust the "Phase Control" knob until 589nm power is maximized.
 - 1.2. Adjust the 1.32 intracavity lens x-y position, to maximize total 589nm power and minimize 1.32 laser turn-on time (the two should be correlated).
 - 1.3. Adjust the 1.06 cavity length using the manual actuator on the 1.06 output coupler z stage, to maximize total 589nm power and minimize 1.06 laser turn-on time. *Beware of burning your fingers while making this adjustment!*
- 2. IR laser optimization, level 2 (expert users only)
 - 2.1. Block 1.32 cavity using intracavity flip mount. Remove 1.32 etalon by removing post from mount. Open intracavity flip mount.
 - 2.2. Maximize 1.32 power by adjusting x-y position of intracavity lens (use oscilloscope trace)
 - 2.3. Replace etalon as in step 1.
 - 2.4. Block 1.06 cavity using intracavity flip mount. Remove 1.06 pinhole by unscrewing pinhole from x-y lens mount. Open intracavity flip mount.
 - 2.5. Maximize 1.06 power by output coupler z stage (use oscilloscope trace).
 - 2.6. Replace etalon as in step 11.4

Results and conclusions